1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN (SBN 310719) sliss@llrlaw.com ANNE KRAMER (SBN 315131) (akramer@llrlaw.com) LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116 Telephone: (617) 994-5800 Facsimile: (617) 994-5801 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler and Giovanni Jones, in their capacity as Private Attorney General Representatives SUPERIOR COURT OF TH	E STATE OF CALIFORNIA
11	FOR THE COUNTY	OF SAN FRANCISCO
12 13 14 15	COORDINATION PROCEEDING SPECIAL TITLE [RULE 3.550] POSTMATES CLASSIFICATION CASES Included Actions:	CASE NO. CJC-20-005068
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	Winns v. Postmates, Inc., No. CGC-17-562282(San Francisco Superior Court)Rimler v. Postmates, Inc., No. CGC-18-567868 (San Francisco Superior Court.)Brown v. Postmates, Inc., No. BC712974(Los Angeles Superior Court)Santana v. Postmates, Inc., No. BC720151(Los Angeles Superior Court)	DECLARATION OF SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN IN SUPPORT OF <u>RIMLER</u> PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEFING IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF REVISED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
 23 24 25 26 27 	<u>Vincent v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. RG19018205 (Alameda County Superior Court) <u>Altounian v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. CGC-20- 584366 (San Francisco Superior Court)	Hon. Suzanne R. Bolanos Hearing: July 21, 2021, 2:00 p.m.
28	DECLARATION OF SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMENTAL BRIEFING IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF REVISED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT CASE NO. CJC-20-005068	

1	I, Shannon Liss-Riordan, declare as follows:		
2	1. I am a partner at the law firm of Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C. and am lead		
3	attorney for the settlement class in the above-captioned matters. I submit this declaration in		
4	support of Plaintiffs' Supplemental Briefing in support of Preliminary Approval of Revised Class		
5	Action Settlement. I have personal knowledge of the information set forth herein.		
6	2. Attached hereto as Exhibit 1 is the Third Revised Class Action Settlement		
7	Agreement and Release as agreed to by the parties, with exhibits.		
8	3. Attached hereto as Exhibit 2 are declarations of Melanie Anne Winns, Ralph John		
9	Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana.		
10	4. Concurrently with the filing of this supplemental briefing and Revised Agreement,		
11	I am submitting the Agreement to the LWDA.		
12			
13	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of California and the United		
14 15	States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.		
16	Executed on July 15, 2021, in Boston, Massachusetts.		
17	By: Shan fix pida		
18	By: Ahan I do the second secon		
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28	1 DECLARATION OF SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMENTAL DELEFING IN SUPPORT OF DEEL MINARY ADDROVAL OF		
	BRIEFING IN SUPPORT OF PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF REVISED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT CASE NO. CJC-20-005068		
1	CASE NO. CJC-20-005068		

EXHIBIT 1

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	 SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN (SBN 310719) (sliss@llrlaw.com) ANNE KRAMER (SBN 315131) (akramer@llrlaw.com) LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116 Telephone: (617) 994-5800 Facsimile: (617) 994-5801 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, and Joshua Albert, on behalf of themselves and others similarly situated and in their capacities as Private Attorney General Representatives 	 GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP THEANE EVANGELIS, SBN 243570 tevangelis@gibsondunn.com DHANANJAY S. MANTHRIPRAGADA, SBN 254433 dmanthripragada@gibsondunn.com 333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071-3197 Telephone: 213.229.7000 Facsimile: 213.229.7520 MICHELE L. MARYOTT, SBN 191993 mmaryott@gibsondunn.com SHAUN A. MATHUR, SBN 311029 smathur@gibsondunn.com 3161 Michelson Drive Irvine, CA 92612-4412 Telephone: 949.451.3800 Facsimile: 949.475.4668
		Attorney for Defendant Postmates Inc.
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13	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
14	FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO	
15	JACOB RIMLER, GIOVANNI JONES, DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, and	CASE NO. CGC-18-567868
16 17	JOSHUA ALBERT on behalf of themselves and others similarly situated and in their capacities as Private Attorneys General Representatives,	THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE
18		
19	Plaintiffs,	
20	V.	
21	POSTMATES INC.,	
22	Defendant.	
23		
24	This Third Amended Class Action Settlement Agreement and Release, including Exhibits A	
25	through C hereto ("Settlement Agreement" or "Agreement"), is made and entered into by,	
26	between, and among Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, and	
27	Joshua Albert ("the Rimler Plaintiffs"), Plaintiffs Melanie Anne Winns, Ralph John Hickey, Jr.,	
28	Steven Alvarado, and Kristie Logan ("the Winns Plaintiffs"), Plaintiff Shericka Vincent ("Plaintiff	
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¹ THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

Vincent"), and Plaintiff Wendy Santana ("Plaintiff Santana") on behalf of themselves and the Settlement Class, as defined below, on the one hand, and Defendant Postmates Inc.¹ ("Defendant" or "Postmates") on the other hand.

Plaintiffs and Defendant (collectively, the "Parties") enter into this Agreement to effect a full and final settlement and preclusive judgment resolving all claims brought or that could have been brought against Postmates in *Rimler v. Postmates, Inc.*, Case No. CGC-18-567868, in the Superior Court of California, San Francisco County, and the related appeal docketed at No. A156450 in the California Court of Appeal, First Appellate District, including as amended pursuant to this Agreement (taken together, the case shall be referred to as "the Action"), and all claims based on or reasonably related thereto. This Agreement is intended to fully and finally compromise, resolve, discharge, and settle the Released Claims, as defined and on the terms set forth below, and to the full extent reflected herein, subject to the approval of the Court.

I.

RECITALS

This Agreement is made in consideration of the following facts:

1.1 WHEREAS, on July 5, 2018, Plaintiff Jacob Rimler filed a California Private
Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), Labor Code § 2698, *et seq.*, representative action complaint in the
Superior Court of California, San Francisco County (Case No. CGC-18-567868), asserting on behalf
of himself and all couriers classified by Postmates as independent contractors in California various
wage-related claims against Postmates arising from Postmates' alleged misclassification of couriers
as independent contractors. On July 11, 2018, Plaintiff Rimler filed a First Amended Complaint,
which added Plaintiff Giovanni Jones ("the *Rimler* Action");

1.2 WHEREAS, on August 17, 2018, Postmates filed a Petition for an Order Compelling Arbitration, which the *Rimler* Plaintiffs opposed. On January 2, 2019, the Court denied Postmates' Petition, and Postmates filed a notice of appeal. On December 9, 2020, the California Court of Appeal, First Appellate District, issued its decision affirming the trial court's Order;

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¹ Postmates, Inc. is now Postmates, LLC f/k/a Postmates Inc., and its parent corporation is Uber Technologies, Inc.

1.3 WHEREAS, on May 8, 2018, Plaintiff Dora Lee filed a class action complaint in the 1 2 Superior Court of California, San Francisco County (Case No. CGC-18-566394), on behalf of herself 3 and a proposed class consisting of all couriers in California classified by Postmates as independent 4 contractors, asserting various wage-related claims against Postmates arising from Postmates' alleged 5 misclassification of couriers as independent contractors. On June 8, 2018, Postmates filed a Notice 6 of Removal to the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, Case No. 3:18-7 cv-03421-JCS. On July 23, 2018, Postmates filed a Motion to Compel Arbitration. On October 15, 8 2018, the Court granted Plaintiff Lee's Motion for Leave to Amend the Complaint to add Plaintiffs 9 Kellyn Timmerman and Joshua Albert, and granted Postmates' Motion to Compel Arbitration of 10 Plaintiff Lee's claims. On November 6, 2018, Postmates filed a Motion to Compel Arbitration for 11 Plaintiff Timmerman. On December 17, 2018, the Court granted Postmates' Motion to Compel 12 Arbitration and dismissed the case so that Plaintiffs Lee and Timmerman could pursue an appeal to 13 the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. On January 4, 2019, Plaintiffs Lee and 14 Timmerman filed a notice of appeal, which is pending as Ninth Cir. Case No. 19-15024 (together 15 with the case dismissed by the Northern District of California, the "Lee Action"). Subsequently, 16 Plaintiffs Lee and Timmerman moved the District Court to certify its orders for interlocutory review. 17 The Court granted the motion, and Plaintiffs Lee and Timmerman filed a petition in Ninth Cir. Case 18 No. 19-80055, seeking permission to appeal. On July 30, 2019, the Ninth Circuit denied the petition;

19 1.4 WHEREAS, on December 17, 2018, the District Court in *Lee* severed Plaintiff Joshua
 Albert's claims to proceed as a separate case, Northern District of California Case No. 3:18-cv 07592-JCS. On January 4, 2019, Plaintiff Albert filed a Second Amended Complaint asserting a
 PAGA claim based on various wage-related claims against Postmates arising from Postmates' alleged
 misclassification of couriers as independent contractors (the "*Albert* Action"). The parties were
 engaged in written discovery until they requested and received a stay to participate in mediation;

1.5 WHEREAS, on November 2, 2017, Plaintiff Melanie Anne Winns filed a California
Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), Labor Code § 2698, et seq., representative action
complaint (Case No. CGC-17-562282) in the Superior Court of California, San Francisco County,
asserting on behalf of herself and all couriers classified by Postmates as independent contractors in

California various wage-related violations arising from Postmates' alleged misclassification of
couriers as independent contractors (the "*Winns* Action"). On December 22, 2017, Plaintiff Winns
filed a First Amended Complaint, which added Plaintiffs Ralph John Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado,
and Kristie Logan. On January 23, 2018, Postmates filed a Petition to Compel Arbitration in *Winns*,
which the *Winns* Plaintiffs opposed. On September 24, 2018, the Court partially granted and partially
denied Postmates' motion to compel arbitration, and Postmates filed a notice of appeal;

1.6 WHEREAS, on May 8, 2019, Plaintiff Vincent filed a PAGA representative action complaint (Case No. RG19018205) in the Superior Court of California, Alameda County, asserting on behalf of herself and all couriers classified by Postmates as independent contractors in California various wage-related violations arising from Postmates' alleged misclassification of couriers as independent contractors (the "*Vincent* Action"). On June 25, 2019, Postmates filed a Petition to Compel Arbitration in *Vincent*, which has not yet been ruled on;

1.7 WHEREAS, on September 4, 2018, Plaintiff Santana filed a PAGA representative action complaint (Case No. BC720151) in the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles County, asserting on behalf of herself and all couriers classified by Postmates as independent contractors in California various wage-related violations arising from Postmates' alleged misclassification of couriers as independent contractors (the "*Santana* Action").

18 1.8 WHEREAS, the *Rimler* Plaintiffs and Postmates attended an in-person mediation
19 session in July 2019 with professional mediator Tripper Ortman of Ortman Mediation, who is
20 experienced in mediating class action disputes. Before agreeing to the terms of the first proposed
21 arm's-length settlement, and in preparation for the mediation, the parties engaged in extensive
22 informal discovery, exchanging information, documents and voluminous data, which enabled the
23 parties and the mediator to thoroughly evaluate Plaintiffs' claims and the claims of the putative
24 Settlement Class Members, and the likely outcomes, risks, and expense of pursuing litigation;

25 1.9 WHEREAS, the *Rimler* Plaintiffs and Postmates filed a Motion for Preliminary
26 Approval of Class Settlement and a Proposed Settlement on October 8, 2019;

1.10 WHEREAS, Plaintiffs filed a revised proposed settlement agreement and a stipulation
to file a proposed Second Amended Complaint adding other named plaintiffs, including Plaintiffs

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Melanie Ann Winns, Ralph John Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, and Shericka Vincent, and additional claims against Postmates under California's Unfair Competition Law, the California Labor Code, Wage Order 9, and the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") on June 8, 2020;

1.11 WHEREAS, the Court denied Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Settlement on June 17, 2020 without prejudice and "encourage[d] the parties to continue settlement negotiations in hopes that they are able to present another agreement for preliminary approval that is otherwise consistent with [the Court's] order";

1.12 WHEREAS, the Court issued an order on June 17, 2020, coordinating the *Rimler*, *Winns, Vincent*, and *Santana* Actions with two other similar matters pending against Postmates: *Brown v. Postmates, Inc.*, Case No. BC712974 (Los Angeles Super. Ct.) and *Altounian v. Postmates, Inc.*, Case No. CGC-20-584366 (San Francisco Super. Ct.);

1.13 WHEREAS, the *Rimler* Plaintiffs and Postmates attended a second mediation through Zoom conference with mediator Tripper Ortman in the Fall of 2020 to discuss a second proposed settlement, before agreeing to this second proposed arm's-length Settlement Agreement;

1.14 WHEREAS, in preparation for the second mediation, Postmates and the *Rimler*Plaintiffs exchanged additional, updated voluminous data, which enabled the parties and the mediator
to update their evaluation of Plaintiffs' claims and the claims of the putative Settlement Class
Members, and the likely outcomes, risks, and expense of pursuing litigation;

1.15 WHEREAS, the Parties submit this Settlement Agreement in good faith and after having considered the Court's concerns with the prior proposed settlement;

1.16 WHEREAS, Plaintiffs allege generally that Postmates improperly classified them and all putative Settlement Class Members as independent contractors rather than employees, and assert derivative claims related thereto;

1.17 WHEREAS, on November 3, 2020, California voters approved Proposition 22, which—after the election results are certified—will be added as section 7451 to the California Business and Professions Code and provides that "an app-based driver is an independent contractor and not an employee or agent with respect to the app-based driver's relationship with a network company" if certain conditions are met;

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1.18 WHEREAS, Postmates denies the allegations in the Action; maintains that each 1 2 courier's claims must be individually arbitrated pursuant to any arbitration agreement to which that 3 courier may be bound; denies that it has engaged in any wrongdoing; denies that any Settlement 4 Class Member was ever an employee of Postmates; denies that Plaintiffs' allegations state valid 5 claims; denies that a litigation class could properly be certified under California Code of Civil 6 Procedure section 382 in the Action; denies that a collective action could properly be certified under 7 the FLSA in the Action; denies that Plaintiffs' claims could properly be maintained as a collective, 8 class, or representative action; and states that it is entering into this Settlement Agreement solely to 9 eliminate the burden, expense, and delay of further litigation and arbitrations, and on the express 10 conditions that: (a) if for any reason the Settlement is not finalized according to the terms of this 11 Agreement, the Settlement and the documents generated as a result of the Settlement shall be void ab 12 initio, and shall not be admissible or usable for any purpose in any of the cases included in the Action 13 or any other civil or administrative proceeding or arbitration; and (b) this Settlement and the 14 documents generated as a result of the Settlement are not admissible or usable in any other civil or 15 administrative proceeding or arbitration, except to the extent necessary to enforce this Settlement and 16 the orders, judgment and agreements arising from this Settlement;

1.19 WHEREAS, a bona fide dispute exists as to whether any amount of wages or penalties are due from Postmates to any putative Settlement Class Member or to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA");

20 1.20 WHEREAS, as a result of the mediation, Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' Counsel believe that 21 the global Settlement provides a favorable recovery for the Settlement Class, based on the claims 22 asserted, the evidence developed, and the damages that might be proven against Postmates in the 23 Action. The Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' Counsel further recognize and acknowledge the expense and 24 length of continued proceedings necessary to prosecute the Action against Postmates through trial 25 and appeals. They also have considered the uncertain outcome and the risk of any litigation, 26 especially in complex litigation such as the Action, as well as the difficulties and delays inherent in 27 any such litigation. They are also mindful of the inherent challenges of proof and the strength of the 28 defenses to the alleged claims, and therefore believe that it is desirable that the Released Claims be

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fully and finally compromised, settled, and resolved with prejudice as set forth herein, subject to the approval of the Court;

WHEREAS, Plaintiffs and Plaintiffs' Counsel, based on their own independent 1.21 investigations and evaluations, have examined the benefits to be obtained under the terms of this Settlement Agreement, have considered the claims of the Plaintiffs, the claims of the average Settlement Class Member, the risks associated with the continued prosecution of the Action, and the likelihood of success on the merits of the Action, and believe that, after considering all the circumstances, including the uncertainties surrounding the risk of further litigation and the defenses 9 that Postmates has asserted and could assert, the proposed Settlement set forth in this Agreement is fair, reasonable, adequate, in the best interests of the Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class, and confers substantial benefits upon the Settlement Class;

1.22 WHEREAS, Plaintiffs warrant and represent that they are effecting this Settlement and executing this Agreement after having received full legal advice as to their respective rights and have had the opportunity to obtain independent counsel to review this Agreement;

15 1.23 WHEREAS, the Parties further agree that the Agreement, the fact of this Settlement, 16 any of the terms of this Agreement, and any documents filed in connection with the Settlement shall 17 not constitute, or be offered, received, claimed, construed, or deemed as, an admission, finding, or 18 evidence of: (i) any wrongdoing by any Released Parties; (ii) any violation of any statute, law, or 19 regulation by Released Parties; (iii) any liability on the claims or allegations in the Action on the part 20 of any Released Parties; (iv) any waiver of Postmates' right to arbitration or the enforceability of any 21 Postmates arbitration agreement; or (v) the propriety of certifying a litigation class or collective 22 action or pursuing representative relief under PAGA in the Action or any other proceeding; and shall 23 not be used by any Person for any purpose whatsoever in any administrative or legal proceeding, 24 including but not limited to arbitrations, other than a proceeding to enforce the terms of the 25 Agreement. There has been no final determination by any court as to the merits of the claims 26 asserted by Plaintiffs against Postmates, nor has there been any final determination as to whether a 27 class or collective action should be certified or whether representative claims may properly be 28 pursued, other than for settlement purposes only;

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP

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1.24 WHEREAS, for settlement purposes only, Postmates will stipulate to the certification of class claims that are subject to the certification requirements of California Code of Civil Procedure section 382, on the express conditions that Postmates does not waive its right to compel arbitration and if this Settlement Agreement is not preliminarily or finally approved, this paragraph, the Settlement Agreement, and any class certified pursuant to the Settlement Agreement are all void ab initio. Postmates disputes that certification is proper for the purposes of litigating the class claims proposed in or flowing from the claims asserted in the *Rimler* lawsuit;

8 1.25 WHEREAS, for settlement purposes only, Postmates will stipulate to the conditional 9 certification of FLSA claims that are subject to the certification requirements of the Fair Labor 10 Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq., on the express conditions that Postmates does not waive its 11 right to compel arbitration and if this Settlement Agreement is not preliminarily or finally approved, 12 this paragraph, the Settlement Agreement, and any collective action certified pursuant to the 13 Settlement Agreement are all void ab initio. Postmates disputes that conditional certification is 14 proper for the purposes of litigating the FLSA claims proposed in or flowing from the claims asserted 15 in the *Rimler* lawsuit;

1.26 WHEREAS, the Parties desire to compromise and settle all Released Claims, including all issues and claims that have been, could have been, or should have been brought against Postmates or related persons in the Action, and all claims brought on a putative class and representative basis in the *Rimler* lawsuit; and

1.27 NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED, CONSENTED TO, AND
AGREED, by the Plaintiffs for themselves and on behalf of the Settlement Class and by Postmates,
that, subject to the approval of the Court, the Action shall be settled, compromised, and dismissed, on
the merits and with prejudice, and the Released Claims shall be finally and fully compromised,
settled, and dismissed as to the Released Parties, in the manner and upon the terms and conditions
hereafter set forth in this Settlement Agreement.

II. DEFINITIONS

In addition to the terms defined elsewhere in this Settlement Agreement, capitalized terms used in this Settlement Agreement shall have the meanings set forth below:

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2.1 "Authorized Claimant" means any Settlement Class Member who submits a valid and timely Claim that qualifies for a payment under the terms of this Settlement Agreement and who by validly and timely submitting the Claim using the Claim Form consents to join as a party plaintiff in the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") claims in this Action.

2.2 "Authorized Claimants' Released Claims" means all of the Settlement Class Members' Released Claims as well as any and all claims, debts, liabilities, demands, obligations, guarantees, penalties, costs, expenses, attorneys' fees, damages, liquidated damages, action or causes of action of whatever kind or nature, whether known or unknown, contingent or accrued, against the Released Parties or any of them based on putative violations of federal law based on or related to the claims asserted in or that could have been asserted in this Action under the FLSA. "Authorized Claimants' Released Claims" include any unknown claims that an Authorized Claimant does not know or suspect to exist in his or her favor, which if known by him or her, might have affected this Settlement Agreement and release of the Released Parties.

2.3 "Bar Date" means the final time and date by which a Claim Form must be postmarked
or submitted to the Settlement Administrator for a Settlement Class Member to be eligible to receive
an Individual Settlement Payment. The Bar Date shall be sixty (60) days after the Notice Distribution
Date and shall be specifically identified and set forth in the Preliminary Approval Order and the
Settlement Class Notice.

2.4 "Claim" means the submission to be made by a Settlement Class Member using the
Claim Form, which form shall serve as the Settlement Class Member's means of requesting payment
from the Total Settlement Amount and serve as that Settlement Class Member's Consent to Join as a
party plaintiff to the FLSA claims asserted in this Action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

23 2.5 "Claim Form" means the document included in the Settlement Class Notice without
24 material variation from the relevant portion of Exhibit A. The Claim Form, if signed by a Settlement
25 Class Member and timely and validly submitted to the Settlement Administrator, shall serve as that
26 Settlement Class Member's Consent to Join as a party plaintiff to the FLSA claims asserted in this
27 Action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b), and effect a full and complete release of all claims under the
28 FLSA based on or reasonably related to the claims asserted in this Action. To be valid, a Claim Form

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must be signed without any deletion or amendment to its language regarding the release of the FLSA claims and without any deletion or amendment to any other portion. If the Court does not finally approve this Settlement Agreement, any Consent to Join and release of the FLSA claims filed on behalf of any Settlement Class Member shall be void ab initio.

2.6 "Consent to Join" means a Settlement Class Member's consent to join as a party plaintiff to the FLSA claims asserted in this Action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b). A Settlement Class Member's signed Claim Form that is timely and validly submitted to the Settlement Administrator shall serve as that Settlement Class Member's Consent to Join.

2.7 "Courier" means any individual who has been approved to use or has used the Postmates platform as an independent contractor courier.

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2.8 "Superior Court" means the Superior Court of California, San Francisco County.

12 2.9 "Dispute Resolution Fund" means the fund consisting of Two Hundred and Fifty 13 Thousand dollars and no cents (\$250,000) set aside from the Total Settlement Amount to be used: (i) 14 to resolve any bona fide disputes that may arise regarding the calculation and disbursement of 15 Individual Settlement Payments according to the Plan of Allocation, as provided in Section V; and 16 (ii) to disburse Individual Settlement Payments to individuals mistakenly excluded from the 17 Settlement Class, as provided in Paragraph 6.11. The Dispute Resolution Fund shall be paid from the 18 Total Settlement Amount. Prior to final approval, the Settlement Administrator shall submit an 19 accounting to the Court of the monies that have been allocated from the Dispute Resolution Fund.

20 2.10 "Effective Date" means seven (7) days after which both of the following events have
21 occurred: (i) the Court's Final Approval order and Judgment has been entered, and (ii) the Court's
22 Final Approval order and Judgment have become Final.

23 2.11 "Estimated Miles" means the estimated total number of miles from the location where
24 a delivery offer is accepted to the location where orders are picked up and to the location where
25 orders are delivered, for each Settlement Class Member during the Settlement Period, as determined
26 by Postmates' records.

27 2.12 "Exclusion/Objection Deadline" means the final date by which a Settlement Class
28 Member may either (i) object to any aspect of the Settlement (pursuant to the Preliminary Approval

Order and Section VIII), or (ii) request to be excluded from the Settlement (pursuant to the Preliminary Approval Order and Section VII). The Exclusion/Objection Deadline shall be sixty (60) days after the Notice Distribution Date, and shall be specifically identified and set forth in the Preliminary Approval Order and the Settlement Class Notice.

2.13 "Final" when referring to a judgment or order, means that (i) the judgment is a final, appealable judgment; and (ii) either (a) no appeal has been taken from the judgment as of the date on which all times to appeal therefrom have expired, or (b) an appeal or other review proceeding of the judgment having been commenced, such appeal or other review is finally concluded and no longer is subject to review by any court, whether by appeal, petitions for rehearing or re-argument, petitions for rehearing en banc, petitions for writ of certiorari, or otherwise, and such appeal or other review has been finally resolved in such manner that affirms the judgment order in its entirety.

2.14 "Final Approval" means the Court's entry of an order that the Named Plaintiffs and Postmates will seek from the Court, to be agreed upon by the Parties, and the entry of which shall reflect the Court's Judgment finally approving the Settlement Agreement.

2.15 "Final Approval Hearing" means the hearing that is to take place after the entry of the Preliminary Approval Order and after the Notice Distribution Date for purposes of: (i) entering Final Approval; (ii) determining whether the Settlement Agreement shall be approved as fair, reasonable, and adequate; (iii) ruling upon an application by Settlement Class Counsel for Attorneys' Fees; and (iv) ruling on the application for a Settlement Class Counsel Award.

20 2.16 "General Released Claims" includes all of the Settlement Class Members' Released 21 Claims, with the addition of: (i) violations of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; (ii) violations 22 of the Civil Rights Act of 1866; (iii) violations of the Americans with Disabilities Act; (iv) violations 23 of any and all potential claims against Postmates that could be brought under corresponding state or 24 local law; and (v) any claims for wages, penalties, breach of an express or implied contract, breach of 25 the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, breach of fiduciary duty, fraud, misrepresentation, 26 defamation, slander, retaliation, discrimination, harassment, wrongful termination, infliction of 27 emotional distress, loss of future earnings or profits or any other claims based upon any state or 28 federal public policy, or any other alleged wrongful conduct or injury, arising out of or in any way

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connected with any acts or omissions occurring during the Settlement Period, based on the claims that were alleged in the Action or that arise out of or relate to Plaintiffs' relationship with Postmates or the services Plaintiffs provided using Postmates' platform, or that arise out of or relate to the facts 4 alleged in the action, in addition to all claims based on or arising under the federal and state law sections included in the Settlement Class Members' Released Claims and any other equivalent federal, state, or local law of any state or locality in which Plaintiffs reside and/or used Postmates' platform as an independent contractor courier.

2.17 "Individual Settlement Payment" means the amount payable from the Total Settlement Amount to each Settlement Class Member who does not timely and properly request exclusion from the Settlement Class and submits a Claim Form. The Individual Settlement Payment shall be calculated pursuant to Section V herein.

12 2.18 "Judgment" means the judgment to be entered in the Action on Final Approval of this 13 Settlement

14 2 1 9 "Legally Authorized Representatives" means an administrator/administratrix, personal 15 representative, or executor/executrix of a deceased Settlement Class Member's estate; a guardian, 16 conservator, or next friend of an incapacitated Settlement Class Member; or any other legally 17 appointed Person responsible for handling the business affairs of a Settlement Class Member who is 18 not the Settlement Class Member's counsel.

19 "Notice Distribution Date" means the date of the initial distribution of the Settlement 2 20 20 Class Notice to Settlement Class Members as set forth in Section VI.

2.21 "Opt-Out List" means the Court-approved list of all persons who timely and properly request exclusion from the Settlement Class as set forth in Section VII.

2.22 "PAGA Claims" means Plaintiffs' representative claims seeking penalties pursuant to PAGA, as alleged in the Rimler Complaint and/or based on any other provision of the Labor Code, Wage Orders, or any other statute or regulation based upon independent contractor misclassification to the fullest extent permitted by law.

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2.23 "PAGA Payment" means a total payment of \$4,000,000 to settle all claims under the PAGA. From this amount, 75% will be paid to the LWDA for civil penalties pursuant to the PAGA and 25% will be distributed to Settlement Class Members.

2.24 "Plaintiffs" means Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Anne Winns, Ralph John Hickey, Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana.

"Plaintiffs' Counsel" means Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C., the Mostafavi Law Group 2.25 APC, The Bainer Law Firm, and PARRIS Law Firm.

"Plan of Allocation" means the plan for allocating the Total Settlement Amount 2.26 between and among Settlement Class Members as approved by the Court.

2.27 "Preliminary Approval Date" means the date that the Court enters the Preliminary Approval Order and thus: (i) preliminarily approves the Settlement Agreement, and the exhibits thereto, and (ii) enters an order providing for notice to the Settlement Class, an opportunity to opt out of the Settlement Class, an opportunity to submit timely objections to the Settlement, a procedure for 14 submitting Claims, and setting a hearing on the fairness of the terms of the Settlement Agreement, 16 including approval of the Settlement Class Counsel Award.

2.28 "Preliminary Approval Order" means the order that the Plaintiffs and Postmates will seek from the Court, without material variation from Exhibit B. Entry of the Preliminary Approval Order shall constitute preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement.

2.29 "Released Claims" shall be construed as broadly as possible to effect complete finality over this litigation involving Postmates. "Released Claims" include (i) Settlement Class Members' Released Claims, (ii) General Released Claims, and (iii) Authorized Claimants' Released Claims. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Settlement Agreement, "Released Claims" do not include claims for personal injuries. Moreover, the release of any claims under the FLSA contemplated by this Settlement Agreement shall be effectuated only after a Settlement Class Member has timely and validly submitted a Claim Form and thereby Consented to Join as a party to the FLSA claims asserted in this action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

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2.30 "Released Parties" means (i) Postmates Inc. and its past, present, and future parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, divisions, joint ventures, licensees, franchisees, and any other legal entities, whether foreign or domestic, that are owned or controlled by Postmates (but not including couriers who use the Postmates platform); and (ii) the past, present, and future shareholders, officers, directors, members, investors, agents, employees, agents, consultants, representatives, fiduciaries, insurers, attorneys, legal representatives, predecessors, successors, and assigns of the entities listed in (i).

8 2.31 "Second Amended Complaint" means the Second Amended Complaint, without
9 material variation from Exhibit C, that Settlement Class Counsel shall seek to file in *Rimler*, the lead
10 lawsuit, pursuant to Paragraph 3.6 and shall file concurrently with the submission of the motion for
11 preliminary approval of the Settlement so that the Second Amended Complaint may be filed
12 promptly upon entry of the Preliminary Approval Order. The Second Amended Complaint shall add
13 Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Anne Winns, Ralph John Hickey, Jr., Steven
14 Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana as named Plaintiffs.

2.32 "Service Awards" means the amount approved by the Court to be paid to each Plaintiff in addition to their respective Individual Settlement Payments, in recognition of their efforts in coming forward as named plaintiffs. The Service Award amount payable to Plaintiffs is not to exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000) each.

2.33 "Settlement" means the settlement of this Action between and among Plaintiffs and Postmates, as set forth in this Settlement Agreement, and including all attached Exhibits, which are an integral part of this Settlement Agreement and are incorporated in their entirety by reference.

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2.34 "Settlement Administrator" means Simpluris, the administrator selected by the parties.

2.35 "Settlement Administrator Expenses" means the maximum amount to be paid to the Settlement Administrator from the Total Settlement Amount, which shall be \$945,000. All Settlement Administrator Expenses are to be paid exclusively from the Total Settlement Amount.

2.36 "Settlement Class" means any and all individuals who entered into an agreement with Postmates to use the Postmates platform as an independent contractor to offer delivery services to

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customers, and used the Postmates platform as an independent contractor courier to accept or complete at least one delivery in California during the Settlement Period.

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2.37 "Settlement Class Counsel" means Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C.

2.38 "Settlement Class Counsel Award" means (i) the attorneys' fees for Settlement Class Counsel's litigation and resolution of the Action, including the *Rimler, Lee, Albert, Winns, Vincent,* and *Santana* lawsuits, and any and all arbitrations and claims resolved by this Settlement, as awarded by the Court, and (ii) all expenses and costs incurred by Settlement Class Counsel in connection with litigation and resolution of *Rimler, Lee, Albert, Winns, Vincent,* and *Santana* lawsuits, and any and all arbitrations and claims resolved by this Settlement, as awarded by the Court, which, together, may not exceed thirty-three percent (33%) of \$32,000,000 (the Total Settlement Amount).

11 2.39 "Settlement Class Information" means information regarding Settlement Class 12 Members that Postmates will in good faith compile from its records and provide to the Settlement 13 Administrator, solely for purposes of the Settlement Administrator's administration of the settlement, 14 and for no other purpose. Settlement Class Information shall be provided to the Settlement 15 Administrator and shall include, if possible, for each Settlement Class Member: full name, last known 16 address, email address, and Estimated Miles. Because Settlement Class Members' private 17 information is included in the Settlement Class Information, the Settlement Administrator shall 18 maintain the Settlement Class Information in confidence and shall use and disclose Settlement Class 19 Information only for purposes of this Settlement and for no other purpose; access shall be limited to 20 employees of the Settlement Administrator with a need to use the Settlement Class Information as 21 part of the administration of the Settlement.

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2.40 "Settlement Class Member" means any member of the Settlement Class.

2.41 "Settlement Class Members' Released Claims" means any and all present and past
claims, actions, demands, causes of action, suits, debts, guarantees, obligations, damages, penalties,
rights or liabilities, of any nature and description whatsoever, known or unknown, existing or
potential, recognized now or hereafter, contingent or accrued, expected or unexpected, pursuant to
any theory of recovery (including but not limited to those based in contract or tort, common law or
equity, federal, state, or local law, statute, ordinance, or regulation, and for claims for compensatory,

consequential, punitive or exemplary damages, statutory damages, penalties, interest, attorneys' fees, 1 2 costs, or disbursements) that are based on or reasonably related to the claims alleged in or that could 3 have been alleged in the *Rimler* Second Amended Complaint, and all misclassification claims, and 4 specifically including: claims pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. § 201, et 5 seq. (only for those Settlement Class Members who submit a valid and timely Claim Form); 6 California Labor Code sections 132a, 201-204, 206.5, 207, 208, 210-214, 216, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 7 221-224, 225.5, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 226.8, 227, 227.3, 245-249, 351, 353, 432.5, 450, 510, 512, 551-8 552, 558, 1174, 1174, 5, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197, 1, 1198, 2753, 2802, 2804; the 9 Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), California Labor Code section 2698 et seq.; California 10 Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5; California Code of Regulations, title 8, sections 11010 and 11 11040; Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders; California Business and Professions Code 12 sections 17200 et seq.; and any other similar state, federal, local, or common law, statute, regulation, 13 or ordinance for unpaid wages, minimum wages, regular wages, tips, overtime wages (including but 14 not limited to calculation of the correct overtime or regular rate), working more than six days in 15 seven, expense reimbursement, wage statements, payroll recordkeeping, reporting time, improper 16 deduction of wages, failure to provide workers' compensation insurance, meal periods, rest breaks, 17 sick leave, final pay, penalties for timely payment of wages upon discharge, waiting time penalties, 18 PAGA penalties, unfair business practices, all claims arising out of or relating to the statutory causes 19 of action described herein, restitution, interest, costs and expenses, attorneys' fees, declaratory relief, 20 injunctive relief, liquidated damages, exemplary or punitive damages, civil penalties, equitable 21 remedies, and/or pre- or post- judgment interest at any time during the Settlement Period.

"Settlement Class Notice" means the notice of class, representative, and collective 2 4 2 action settlement and enclosed Claim Form to be provided to Settlement Class Members, without material variation from the relevant portion of Exhibit A.

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"Settlement Period" means June 3, 2017 through January 1, 2021. 2 4 3

2.44 "Total Settlement Amount" means Thirty-Two Million Dollars and zero cents (\$32,000,000), which will resolve all Released Claims, and is the maximum amount that Postmates is obligated to pay under this Settlement Agreement under any circumstances to resolve and settle this

THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

Action, subject to Court approval. The Total Settlement Amount includes all costs and fees, including, but not limited to, the Settlement Class Counsel Award, Settlement Administrator Expenses, escrow costs and expenses, Service Awards, interest, all payments to the Settlement Class and Plaintiffs, and the PAGA Payment.

2.45 "Void Date" means the date by which any checks issued to Settlement Class Members shall become void, i.e., on the 181st day after mailing.

III. SUBMISSION OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT TO THE COURT FOR PRELIMINARY AND FINAL APPROVAL

Upon execution of this Settlement Agreement, the Plaintiffs shall submit to the Court 3.1 a motion for preliminary approval of the Settlement. The motion for preliminary approval shall include a proposed plan for sending the Settlement Class Notice to Settlement Class Members within twenty (20) days after the Preliminary Approval Date (the "Notice Distribution Date"), and establishing a period of sixty (60) days from the Notice Distribution Date within which any Settlement Class Member may (i) request exclusion from the respective Settlement Class, (ii) object to the proposed Settlement, or (iii) object to Settlement Class Counsel's request for the Settlement Class Counsel Award and for Service Awards to the Plaintiffs (the Exclusion/Objection Deadline). The motion for preliminary approval shall also request that any hearing on final approval of the Settlement and any determination on the request for a Settlement Class Counsel Award and Service Awards (the Final Approval Hearing) be set for after the Exclusion/Objection Deadline; that Settlement Class Counsel shall file a petition for the Settlement Class Counsel Award and Service Awards at least twenty-one (21) days before the Exclusion/Objection Deadline; that any opposition briefs on such motions and petitions be filed fourteen (14) days before the Final Approval Hearing; and that any reply briefs on such motions and petitions be filed seven (7) days before the Final Approval Hearing.

3.2 The Parties stipulate, for settlement purposes only, to certification of the Settlement Class under California Code of Civil Procedure § 382 and California Rules of Court, Rule 3.769, excluding the Settlement Class's PAGA Claims, and to conditional certification of the Settlement Class under the Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq., on the express condition that if

¹⁷ THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

the Settlement is not Preliminarily or Finally Approved, this paragraph, the Settlement Agreement, 1 2 and any class or collective action certified pursuant to the Settlement Agreement are all void ab initio. 3 The Parties also agree that this stipulation is in no way an admission that class or collective 4 certification is proper under the standard applied for litigation purposes, and that this stipulation shall 5 not be admissible, and may not be used by any person for any purpose whatsoever, in any legal or 6 administrative proceeding, including but not limited to arbitrations, other than a proceeding to 7 enforce the terms of the Agreement, as further set forth in this Agreement. Postmates expressly 8 reserves the right to oppose certification of any purported class or collective should the settlement fail 9 to become final and effective.

3.3 The Settlement is not intended to and may not be deemed to affect the enforceability
of any arbitration agreement between Postmates and any member of the Settlement Class, including
Plaintiffs.

3.4 Settlement Class Counsel and Plaintiffs agree to cooperate in good faith and to use
their best efforts to seek a stay in the *Rimler, Lee, Winns, Vincent*, and *Santana* Actions and to keep
the *Albert* Action stayed pending Final Approval of the Settlement, and upon Final Approval of the
Settlement, Settlement Class Counsel and Plaintiffs agree to dismiss the *Lee, Albert, Winns, Vincent*,
and *Santana* Actions with prejudice.

3.5 The Parties stipulate to the form of, and agree to submit to the Court for its
consideration this Settlement Agreement, and the following Exhibits to this Settlement Agreement:
Settlement Class Notice (Exhibit A), [Proposed] Preliminary Approval Order (Exhibit B), and
[Proposed] Second Amended Complaint (Exhibit C).

3.6 Solely for purposes of implementing this Agreement and effectuating the proposed Settlement, the Parties agree and stipulate that:

3.6.1 Plaintiffs' Counsel shall amend the letters sent on behalf of Plaintiffs to the LWDA to add any and all claims alleged in the *Rimler* Action, and any and all potential claims necessary to effectuate the Released Claims.

27 3.6.2 Plaintiffs shall seek the Court's permission to file the Second Amended
28 Complaint, without material variation from Exhibit C, and Postmates shall consent to such

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amendment pursuant to Cal. Rule of Court 3.1324. The Second Amended Complaint shall be filed 1 2 concurrently with the submission of the motion for preliminary approval of the Settlement Agreement 3 so that the Second Amended Complaint may be filed or deemed filed promptly upon entry of the 4 Preliminary Approval Order. Obtaining the Court's approval to file the Second Amended Complaint, 5 the subsequent prompt entry of the Second Amended Complaint, and the dismissal of the Lee, Albert, 6 Winns, Vincent, and Santana Actions are material conditions of this Settlement Agreement. The 7 Parties agree that the filing of the Second Amended Complaint will streamline the settlement process. 8 The Parties further agree and stipulate that the allegations in the Second Amended Complaint are 9 deemed controverted by the answer previously filed by Postmates in response to the currently 10 operative complaint, such that no further responsive pleading from Postmates is required. If for any 11 reason the Settlement Agreement does not become Final or the Effective Date does not occur, the 12 Second Amended Complaint shall not be operative and shall be deemed withdrawn; the parties agree 13 to submit a stipulated motion to strike the Second Amended Complaint, and agree the Court shall 14 strike the allegations of the Second Amended Complaint, so the operative complaint in the *Rimler* 15 Action shall revert to the filed complaint that preceded the Second Amended Complaint; the *Lee*, 16 Albert, Winns, Vincent, and Santana Actions shall proceed based on the operative complaints as 17 currently filed; and the amended letters sent to the LWDA pursuant to paragraph 3.6.1 shall be void 18 ab initio.

19 The Court may enter the Preliminary Approval Order, without material 3.6.3 20 variation from Exhibit B, preliminarily approving the Settlement and this Agreement. Among other 21 things, the Preliminary Approval Order shall grant leave to preliminarily certify the Settlement Class 22 and an FLSA collective for settlement purposes only; approve the Plaintiffs as class representatives, 23 appoint Settlement Class Counsel to represent the Settlement Class, and appoint the Settlement 24 Administrator; approve the Settlement Class Notice, and the notice plan embodied in the Settlement 25 Agreement, and approve them as consistent with California Code of Civil Procedure § 382, 26 California Rules of Court, Rule 3.769, 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq. and due process; set out the 27 requirements for disputing the information upon which Settlement Class Members' share of the 28 Settlement will be calculated, objecting to the Settlement Agreement, excluding Settlement Class

¹⁹ THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

Members from the Settlement Class, all as provided in this Settlement Agreement; provide that certification of the Settlement Class and all actions associated with each certification are undertaken on the condition that each certification and other actions shall be automatically vacated and of no force or evidentiary effect if this Agreement is terminated, as provided in this Agreement, or if the Settlement does not become Final; and schedule the Final Approval Hearing.

3.7 Within 10 days of the Preliminary Approval Date, Settlement Class Counsel will notify the LWDA of the Preliminary Approval Order.

3.8 At the Final Approval Hearing, Plaintiffs shall request entry of a Final Approval order and Judgment, to be agreed upon by the Parties, the entry of which is a material condition of this Settlement and that, among other things:

3.8.1 Finally approves the Settlement as fair, reasonable, and adequate and directs its consummation pursuant to the terms of the Settlement Agreement;

3.8.2 Finds that Settlement Class Counsel and Plaintiffs adequately represented the Settlement Class for the purpose of entering into and implementing the Agreement;

3.8.3 Re-confirms the appointment of the Settlement Administrator and finds that the Settlement Administrator has fulfilled its initial duties under the Settlement;

17 3.8.4 Finds that the Settlement Class Notice (i) constituted the best practicable 18 notice; (ii) constituted notice that was reasonably calculated, under the circumstances, to apprise 19 Settlement Class Members of the pendency of the Action, and their right to exclude themselves from 20 or object to the proposed settlement and to appear at the Final Approval Hearing; (iii) was reasonable 21 and constituted due, adequate, and sufficient notice to all persons entitled to receive notice; and (iv) 22 met all applicable requirements of California Rule of Court 3.769, due process, and any other 23 applicable rules or law;

3.8.5 Approves the Opt-Out List and determines that the Opt-Out List is a complete list of all Settlement Class Members who have timely requested exclusion from the Settlement Class and, accordingly, shall neither share in the Settlement nor be bound by the Final Approval order and Judgment;

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3.8.6 Directs that the Final Approval order and Judgment of dismissal shall be final 2 and entered forthwith;

Without affecting the finality of the Final Approval order and Judgment, 3.8.7 retains continuing jurisdiction over the Plaintiffs, the Settlement Class and Postmates as to all matters concerning the administration, consummation, and enforcement of this Settlement Agreement;

6 3.8.8 Adjudges that, as of the Final Approval Date, the Plaintiffs and all Settlement 7 Class Members who have not been excluded from the Settlement Class as provided in the Opt-Out 8 List approved by the Court, and their Legally Authorized Representatives, heirs, estates, trustees, 9 executors, administrators, principals, beneficiaries, representatives, agents, assigns, and successors, 10 and/or anyone claiming through them or acting or purporting to act for them or on their behalf, 11 regardless of whether they have received actual notice of the proposed Settlement, have conclusively 12 compromised, settled, discharged, and released the General Released Claims (in the case of the 13 Plaintiffs), the Authorized Claimants' Released Claims (in the case of the Authorized Claimants), and 14 Settlement Class Members' Released Claims (in the case of the Settlement Class Members) against 15 Postmates and the Released Parties, and are bound by the provisions of this Settlement Agreement;

16 3.8.9 Affirms that, notwithstanding the submission of a timely request for exclusion, Settlement Class Members will still be bound by the settlement and release of the PAGA Claims or 17 18 remedies under the Judgment pursuant to Arias v. Superior Court (2009) 46 Cal.4th 969, as requests 19 for exclusion do not apply to the PAGA Claims, and further affirms that the State's claims for civil 20 penalties pursuant to PAGA are also extinguished;

21 3.8.10 Declares this Agreement and the Final Approval order and Judgment to be 22 binding on, and have res judicata and preclusive effect in, all pending and future lawsuits or other 23 proceedings: (i) that encompass the Plaintiffs' Claims, and that are maintained by or on behalf of 24 Plaintiffs and/or their Legally Authorized Representatives, heirs, estates, trustees, executors, 25 administrators, principals, beneficiaries, representatives, agents, assigns, and successors, and/or 26 anyone claiming through them or acting or purporting to act for them or on their behalf; and (ii) that 27 encompass the Settlement Class Members' Released Claims and that are maintained by or on behalf 28 of any Settlement Class Member who has not been excluded from the Settlement Class as provided in

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the Opt-Out List approved by the Court and/or his or her Legally Authorized Representatives, heirs, 2 estates, trustees, executors, administrators, principals, beneficiaries, representatives, agents, assigns, 3 and successors, and/or anyone claiming through them or acting or purporting to act for them or on their behalf, regardless of whether the Settlement Class Member previously initiated or subsequently 4 5 initiates individual litigation, arbitration, or other proceedings encompassed by the Settlement Class 6 Members' Released Claims, and even if such Settlement Class Member never received actual notice 7 of the Action or this proposed Settlement;

8 3.8.11 Determines that the Agreement and the Settlement provided for herein, and 9 any proceedings undertaken pursuant thereto, are not, and should not in any event be offered, 10 received, or construed as evidence of, or a presumption, concession, or admission by, any Party of 11 liability or non-liability or of the certifiability or non-certifiability of a litigation class or collective, or 12 that PAGA representative claims may validly be pursued, or of any misrepresentation or omission in 13 any statement or written document approved or made by any Party; provided, however, that reference 14 may be made to this Agreement and the Settlement provided for herein in such proceedings as may 15 be necessary to effectuate the provisions of this Agreement, as further set forth in this Agreement;

3.8.12 Directs Plaintiffs' Counsel to seek dismissal of the Lee, Albert, Winns, Vincent, and Santana Actions with prejudice within 14 days of Final Approval;

18 3.8.13 Orders that the preliminary approval of the Settlement, certification of the 19 Settlement Class, and Final Approval of the proposed Settlement, and all actions associated with 20 them, are undertaken on the condition that they shall be vacated and void ab initio if the Settlement 21 Agreement is terminated or disapproved in whole or in part by the Court, or any appellate court 22 and/or other court of review in which event the Agreement and the fact that it was entered into shall 23 not be offered, received, or construed as an admission or as evidence for any purpose, including but 24 not limited to an admission by any Party of liability or non-liability or of any misrepresentation or 25 omission in any statement or written document approved or made by any Party, or of the certifiability 26 of a litigation class or the appropriateness of maintaining a representative action, as further provided 27 in Section XI;

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3.8.14 Authorizes the Parties, with approval from the Court, to agree to and adopt such amendments, modifications, and expansions of this Agreement, including all Exhibits hereto, as (i) shall be consistent in all material respects with the Final Approval order and (ii) do not limit the rights of Settlement Class Members; and

3.8.15 Contains such other and further provisions consistent with the terms of this Settlement Agreement to which the Parties expressly consent in writing.

3.9 At the Final Approval Hearing and as a part of the Final Approval of this Settlement,
Settlement Class Counsel will also request approval of the Plan of Allocation set forth in Section V.
Any modification to the Plan of Allocation by the Court shall not (i) affect the enforceability of the
Settlement Agreement, (ii) provide any of the Parties with the right to terminate the Settlement
Agreement, or (iii) impose any obligation on Postmates to increase the consideration paid in
connection with the Settlement.

13 At the Final Approval Hearing, Settlement Class Counsel may also request entry of an 3 10 14 Order approving the Settlement Class Counsel Award and the Service Awards to the Plaintiffs. Any 15 such Settlement Class Counsel Award or Service Award shall be paid exclusively from the Total 16 Settlement Payment. In no event shall any Released Party otherwise be obligated to pay for any 17 attorneys' fees and expenses or Service Awards. The disposition of Settlement Class Counsel's 18 application for a Settlement Class Counsel Award, and for Service Awards, is within the sound 19 discretion of the Court and is not a material term of this Settlement Agreement, and it is not a 20 condition of this Settlement Agreement that such application be granted. Any disapproval or 21 modification of such application by the Court shall not (i) affect the enforceability of the Settlement 22 Agreement, (ii) provide any of the Parties with the right to terminate the Settlement Agreement, or 23 (iii) increase the consideration any Released Party pays in connection with the Settlement.

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3.11 In no event shall any Released Party be obligated to pay settlement administration expenses beyond those provided for in this Agreement.

3.12 Within 10 days after entry of Judgment, Settlement Class Counsel will provide a copy of the Judgment to the LWDA.

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SETTLEMENT CONSIDERATION

4.1The Total Settlement Amount is \$32,000,000. This is an "all in" number that will resolve all Released Claims, and which includes, without limitation, all monetary benefits and payments to the Settlement Class and Plaintiffs, Service Awards, Settlement Class Counsel Award, Settlement Administrator Expenses, and the PAGA Payment, and all claims for interest, fees, and costs. Under no circumstances shall Postmates be required to pay anything more than the Total Settlement Amount. In no event shall Postmates be liable for making any payments under this Settlement, or for providing any relief to Settlement Class Members, before the deadlines set forth in this Agreement.

4.2 The Plaintiffs and all Settlement Class Members who receive a payment of any kind 10 from the Total Settlement Amount (including, in the case of the Plaintiffs, Service Awards) expressly acknowledge that such payments shall be considered non-wages for which an IRS Form 1099 will be 12 issued, if required. The Plaintiffs and all Settlement Class Members who receive a payment of any kind from the Total Settlement Amount agree to timely pay in full all of the federal, state, and 14 municipal income taxes owed on such payments. 15

4.3 The terms of this Agreement relating to the Service Awards and Settlement Class Counsel Award were not negotiated by the Parties before full agreement was reached as to all other material terms of the proposed Settlement, including, but not limited to, any terms relating to the relief to the Settlement Class. Postmates agrees to the amount of Service Awards (if any) granted by the Superior Court. The Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Counsel agree not to seek Service Awards in excess of the amounts described in Paragraph 2.32.

4.4 Settlement Class Counsel agrees not to seek an award of attorneys' fees, costs and expenses from the Court in excess of one third (1/3) of the Total Settlement Amount of \$32,000,000. Postmates agrees to the amount of attorneys' fees, costs and expenses (if any) granted by the Superior Court.

4.5 The payment of the Settlement Class Counsel Award, the Service Awards, the Settlement Administrator Expenses, the Individual Settlement Payments, and the PAGA Payment

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shall be made by the Settlement Administrator from the Total Settlement Amount within thirty (30) days after the Effective Date.

4.6 The Settlement Administrator shall pay the Settlement Class Counsel Award by check,payable to "Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C." Settlement Class Counsel shall provide the SettlementAdministrator notice of receipt of the Settlement Class Counsel Award.

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FUNDING AND ALLOCATION OF THE SETTLEMENT

5.1 Within fourteen (14) calendar days following the Effective Date, Postmates shall
provide the Total Settlement Amount (\$32,000,000) to the Settlement Administrator. The Settlement
Administrator shall thereafter distribute the funds in the manner and at the times set forth in this
Agreement.

5.2 To receive an Individual Settlement Payment from the Total Settlement Amount, a Settlement Class Member or his or her Legally Authorized Representative must timely submit a Claim Form that satisfies the requirements of paragraph 5.3, must not have submitted a request for exclusion, and must be eligible for a payment under the Plan of Allocation.

5.3 A Claim Form is timely if it is postmarked by the Bar Date and mailed or submitted as an attachment to an email to the Settlement Administrator at the address in the Settlement Class Notice, or if it is submitted online to the Settlement Administrator, in accordance with the online submission instructions to be provided by the Settlement Administrator, by the Bar Date. The Claim Form must be signed (electronically, if submitted via online portal) under penalty of perjury. To be valid, a Claim Form must be signed without any deletion or amendment to its language, regarding the release of FLSA claims and without any deletion or amendment to any other portion.

5.4 Settlement Class Members who timely submit a Claim Form will receive their proportionate share of the Total Settlement Amount. No Settlement Class Member who timely submits a Claim Form will receive less than \$10.

25 5.5 Settlement Class Members are not eligible to receive any compensation other than the
26 Individual Settlement Payment.

5.6 The Settlement Administrator shall calculate and distribute the Individual Settlement
Payments for the Settlement Class Members within thirty (30) days following the Effective Date,

accordance with Paragraph 5.1.

provided Postmates has provided the Total Settlement Amount to the Settlement Administrator in

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Individual Settlement Payments shall be tied to the following distribution formula:

Settlement Class Members will be awarded points proportional to the estimated number of miles driven while using the Postmates application as a courier, with one point for every estimated mile driven. Settlement Class Members who either opt out of arbitration, initiate arbitration, or demonstrate in writing an interest in initiating an arbitration demand against Postmates prior to January 1, 2021 will have their points doubled for purposes of this distribution formula (to account for, from plaintiffs' perspective, these drivers' greater likelihood of having their claims pursued, in light of Postmates' arbitration clauses).

Postmates will produce Settlement Class Information needed for the allocation to be calculated. The Total Settlement Amount is non-reversionary. The Notice shall advise Settlement Class Members that they may contest whether they are entitled to double points by submitting to the Settlement Administrator in an email or letter (i) proof of a valid request to opt out of arbitration before January 1, 2021; (ii) submission of an arbitration demand against Postmates before January 1, 2021; or (iii) communication to Postmates in writing of an intent to initiate arbitration before January 1, 2021.

5.8 Following distribution of the Individual Settlement Payments to Settlement Class Members, any Settlement Class Members who received checks for more than \$100 that remain uncashed more than 60 days after distribution will receive a reminder to cash their check. All funds not claimed prior to the Void Date (i.e. all funds from uncashed checks and any remaining funds in the Dispute Resolution Fund) shall be redistributed to the Settlement Class Members who received and cashed their Individual Settlement Payments. These unclaimed funds shall be redistributed pursuant to the same formula described in Paragraph 5.7. These residual funds will only be distributed to Settlement Class Members for whom this second payment would be at least \$50. The value of any uncashed checks following this residual distribution will be donated on a cy pres basis to Legal Aid at Work.

5.9 The Individual Settlement Payments received shall be reported by the Settlement Administrator to the applicable governmental authorities on IRS Form 1099s (if required). The portions allocated to Service Awards shall likewise be reported on IRS Form 1099s by the Settlement

28 Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP Administrator. The Settlement Administrator shall be responsible for issuing copies of IRS Form 1099s for the Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Members.

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VI. NOTICE PROCEDURES

6.1 No more than fourteen (14) calendar days after entry of the Preliminary ApprovalOrder, Postmates shall provide the Settlement Administrator with the Settlement Class Informationfor purposes of sending the Settlement Class Notice to Settlement Class Members.

6.2 No more than twenty (20) calendar days after entry of the Preliminary Approval Order(on the Notice Distribution Date), the Settlement Administrator shall send the Settlement ClassNotice to the Settlement Class Members, via electronic mail.

6.3 The Settlement Class Notice will inform Settlement Class Members of their right to
request exclusion from the Settlement, of their right to object to the Settlement, of their right to
dispute the information upon which their share of the Settlement will be calculated, and the claims to
be released.

14 64 The Settlement Class Notice shall include an explanation for how the Estimated Miles 15 will be used to calculate the Individual Settlement Payments. The Settlement Administrator's 16 determination of the amount of any Settlement Class Member's Estimated Miles shall be binding 17 upon the Settlement Class Member, and the Parties. There will be a presumption that Postmates' 18 records are correct, absent evidence produced by a Settlement Class Member to the contrary. A 19 Settlement Class Member who wishes to dispute their Estimated Miles must contact the Settlement 20 Administrator by mail or email and must provide documentation in the form of tax records or trip 21 histories from the Postmates Application.

6.5 If any Settlement Class Notice sent via electronic mail to any Settlement Class
Member is undeliverable, the Settlement Administrator shall, within seven (7) days of an
undeliverable email, mail the Settlement Class Notice to each Settlement Class Member whose
Settlement Class Notice was undeliverable. Before mailing, the Settlement Administrator shall make
a good-faith attempt to obtain the most-current names and postal mail addresses for all Settlement
Class Members to receive such postal mail, including cross-checking the names and/or postal mail
addresses it received from Postmates, as well as any other sources, with appropriate databases (e.g.,

the National Change of Address Database) and performing further reasonable searches (e.g., through 1 2 Lexis/Nexis) for more-current names and/or postal mail addresses for Settlement Class Member. All 3 Settlement Class Members' names and postal mail addresses obtained through these sources shall be 4 protected as confidential and not used for purposes other than the notice and administration of this 5 Settlement. The Settlement Administrator shall exercise its best judgment to determine the current 6 mailing address for each Settlement Class Member. The address determined by the Settlement 7 Administrator as the current mailing address shall be presumed to be the best mailing address for 8 each Settlement Class Member. The Bar Date and Exclusion/Objection Deadlines shall be extended 9 as necessary in order to ensure that the Settlement Class Member receiving a mailed notice has sixty 10 (60) days to submit a claim form or to opt-out or object to the Settlement.

11 6.6 If any Settlement Class Notice to a Settlement Class Member is returned to the 12 Settlement Administrator with a forwarding address, the Settlement Administrator shall forward the 13 postal mailing to that address. For any remaining returned postal mailings, the Settlement 14 Administrator shall make a good-faith search of an appropriate database (as described in the 15 preceding paragraph), and postal mailings shall be forwarded to any new postal mail address obtained 16 through such a search. In the event that any Settlement Class Notice is returned as undeliverable a 17 second time, no further postal mailing shall be required. The Settlement Administrator shall maintain 18 a log detailing the instances Settlement Class Notices are returned as undeliverable.

19 6.7 At least two reminders will be sent to Settlement Class Members following the initial 20 Settlement Class Notice, and the parties will agree to any further reminders that may be reasonably 21 necessary to assure adequate opportunity for Settlement Class Members to participate in the 22 settlement. These reminders will be sent to Settlement Class Members who have not already 23 submitted a claim form, opt-out request, or objection. These reminders will be sent via email to those 24 Settlement Class Members whose emailed notices were not returned as undeliverable and via mail for 25 those Settlement Class Members who received their initial Settlement Class Notice in the mail. 26 Settlement Class Members who are expected to have their points doubled pursuant to Paragraph 5.7 27 will receive at least one additional reminder (for a total of at least three reminders) advising them of

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their right to opt-out and continue to pursue their claims in arbitration or to release their claims in order to participate in the settlement.

6.8 The Parties agree that the procedures set forth in this Section constitute reasonable and the best practicable notice under the circumstances and an appropriate and sufficient effort to locate current addresses for Settlement Class Members such that no additional efforts to do so shall be required.

7 6.9 The Settlement Administrator will provide Settlement Class Notice by, at a minimum, 8 (i) electronic mail notice without material variation from the form attached as the relevant portion of 9 Exhibit A; (ii) if necessary in accordance with Paragraph 6.7, first-class mail (where available) notice 10 without material variation from the relevant portion of Exhibit A; and (iii) a content-neutral 11 settlement website accessible to Settlement Class Members managed by the Settlement 12 Administrator, and approved by counsel for the Parties, which will contain further information about 13 the Settlement, including relevant pleadings. The Settlement Class Notice shall comply with 14 California Rule of Court 3.769 and due process.

15 6.10 Prior to the Final Approval Hearing, the Settlement Administrator shall prepare a 16 declaration of due diligence and proof of dissemination with regard to the mailing of the Settlement 17 Class Notice, and any attempts by the Settlement Administrator to locate Settlement Class Members, 18 its receipt of valid Claim Forms, Opt-outs, and Objections (and copies of same), and its inability to 19 deliver the Settlement Class Notice to Settlement Class Members due to invalid addresses ("Due 20 Diligence Declaration"), to Settlement Class Counsel and counsel for Postmates for presentation to 21 the Court. Settlement Class Counsel shall be responsible for filing the Due Diligence Declaration 22 with the Court.

6.11 If any individual whose name does not appear in the Settlement Class Information
believes that he or she is a Settlement Class Member, he or she shall have the opportunity to dispute
his or her exclusion from the Settlement Class. If an individual believes he or she is a Settlement
Class Member, he or she must notify the Settlement Administrator by mail, email, or telephone
within thirty (30) days after the distribution of the Settlement Class Notice. The Parties will meet and
confer regarding any such individuals in an attempt to reach an agreement as to whether any such

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individual should be regarded as a Settlement Class Member. If the Parties so agree, such an 1 2 individual will have all of the same rights as any other Settlement Class Member under this 3 Agreement. In the event that the Parties agree that the individual is a Settlement Class Member, the 4 Individual Settlement Payment to such individual shall be disbursed from the Dispute Resolution 5 Fund, as long as sufficient money is left in the Dispute Resolution Fund. If an individual notifies the 6 Settlement Administrator that he or she is a Settlement Class Member more than thirty (30) days after 7 the distribution of the Settlement Class Notice, and the Parties agree that the individual is a 8 Settlement Class Member, the Parties shall endeavor to include the individual in the Settlement Class 9 as long as sufficient money is left in the Dispute Resolution Fund or from uncashed checks to do so, 10 and settlement awards for Settlement Class Members who submitted timely claims have been 11 allocated or paid. Under no circumstances will any action under this paragraph increase the Total 12 Settlement Amount.

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VII. PROCEDURES FOR REQUESTS FOR EXCLUSION

14 71 Settlement Class Members (with the exception of the Plaintiffs) may opt out of the 15 Settlement. Those who wish to exclude themselves (or "opt out") from the Settlement Class must 16 submit timely, written requests for exclusion. To be effective, such a request must include the 17 Settlement Class Member's name, address, and telephone number; a clear and unequivocal statement 18 that the Settlement Class Member wishes to be excluded from the Settlement Class; and the signature 19 of the Settlement Class Member or the Legally Authorized Representative of the Settlement Class 20 Member. The request must be mailed or submitted in the body of an email (from the Settlement 21 Class Member's account used to sign up on the Postmates platform) to the Settlement Administrator 22 at the address provided in the Settlement Class Notice and must be postmarked or emailed no later 23 than the Exclusion/Objection Deadline. For those Settlement Class Members who submit a request in 24 an email, the Settlement Class Member's typed name at the bottom of the email shall constitute their 25 signature. The date of the postmark or email shall be the exclusive means used to determine whether 26 a request for exclusion has been timely submitted. Requests for exclusion must be exercised 27 individually by the Settlement Class Member or the Settlement Class Member's Legally Authorized 28 Representative, not as or on behalf of a group, class, or subclass. All requests for exclusion must be

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submitted by the requesting Settlement Class Member (or their Legally Authorized Representative), except that the Settlement Class Member's counsel may submit an opt-out request on behalf of the individual Settlement Class Member if:

7.1.1 The Settlement Class Member's counsel retains a copy of the Settlement Class Member's signed retention agreement with the counsel who is submitting the opt-out request, along with a copy of any other agreements between the Settlement Class Member and counsel who is submitting the opt-out request or their co-counsel, and agrees that any such agreements shall be provided to the Court in camera if the Court so requests;

9 7.1.2 The Settlement Class Member's counsel submits a declaration under penalty of
10 perjury that:

11 7.1.2.1 Avers that the Settlement Class Member signed a retention agreement 12 with the individual attorney signing the declaration and submitting the 13 opt-out request, and identifies approximately when this occurred; 14 7.1.2.2 Avers that the attorney signing the declaration (a) personally advised 15 the Settlement Class Member of the estimate the parties provided of 16 how much the individual Settlement Class Member would have 17 recovered under the Settlement (assuming a 50% claim rate); and (b) 18 personally inquired whether the Settlement Class Member would prefer 19 to accept the settlement or opt out and maintain their right to pursue 20 individual claims, and the Settlement Class Member consented verbally 21 or in writing to opt out; and 22

7.1.2.3 Contains the advising attorney's original signature.

7.2 The Settlement Administrator shall promptly log each request for exclusion that it receives and provide copies of the log and all such requests for exclusion to Settlement Class Counsel and counsel for Postmates upon request. The Settlement Administrator shall automatically notify Settlement Class Counsel and counsel for Postmates if and when the number of timely-submitted requests for exclusion reaches 250.

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7.3 The Settlement Administrator shall prepare a list of all persons who timely and properly requested exclusion from the Settlement Class (the Opt-Out List) and shall, before the Final Approval Hearing, submit an affidavit to the Court attesting to the accuracy of the list.

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7.4 All Settlement Class Members who are not included in the Opt-Out List approved by the Court shall be bound by this Settlement Agreement, and all their claims shall be dismissed with prejudice and released as provided for herein, even if they never received actual notice of the Action or this proposed Settlement.

7.5 In the event that a Settlement Class Member submits a request for exclusion that the parties do not believe was timely and/or properly submitted, the Court shall determine whether the request for exclusion was timely and properly submitted.

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The Plaintiffs agree not to request exclusion from the Settlement Class.

7.7 Settlement Class Members may request exclusion from the Settlement. Any such Settlement Class Member may also object to the PAGA portion of the Settlement.

7.8 Notwithstanding the submission of a timely request for exclusion, Settlement Class Members will still be bound by the settlement and release of the PAGA Claims or remedies under the Judgment pursuant to *Arias v. Superior Court* (2009) 46 Cal.4th 969. Requests for exclusion do not apply to the PAGA Claims, and will not be effective to preclude the release of the PAGA Claims.

7.9 Settlement Class Members may object to or opt out of the Settlement, but may not do both. Any Settlement Class Member who submits a timely request for exclusion may not file an objection to the Settlement, submit a Claim, or receive a Settlement Payment, and shall be deemed to have waived any rights or benefits under the Settlement Agreement.

7.10 No later than ten (10) business days after the Exclusion/Objection Deadline, the Settlement Administrator shall provide to Settlement Class Counsel and counsel for Postmates the Opt-Out List together with copies of the exclusion requests. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Settlement Agreement, if more than two hundred fifty (250) Settlement Class Members exercise their right to opt out of the Settlement, Postmates at its sole and absolute discretion may rescind and revoke the Settlement Agreement by sending written notice that it revokes the Settlement pursuant to

this Paragraph to Settlement Class Counsel within fourteen (14) business days following receipt of the Opt-Out List.

7.11 Any Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid Claim Form, or does not submit a timely and valid opt-out request, agrees to waive the Class Action Waiver in any existing arbitration agreement between the Settlement Class Member and Postmates with respect to the Released Claims.

VIII. PROCEDURES FOR OBJECTIONS

8.1 Any Settlement Class Member who wishes to object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of this Agreement or the proposed Settlement must provide to the Settlement Administrator a timely statement of the objection. The Settlement Administrator shall promptly forward any objections to Settlement Class Counsel and counsel for Postmates.

8.2 All written objections must (a) clearly identify the case name and number, (b) be
submitted to the Settlement Administrator by mail or in the body of an email, and (c) be emailed or
postmarked no later than the Exclusion/Objection Deadline. The date of the postmark on the returnmailing envelope, or the date of the email, shall be the exclusive means used to determine whether
the written objection has been timely submitted. If an objection is submitted using more than one
method (e.g. if it is mailed and emailed), the earlier date shall be used to determine timeliness.

18 8.3 The objection must contain at least the following: (i) the objector's full name, address, 19 telephone, and signature; (ii) a clear reference to the Action; (iii) a statement of the basis for each 20 objection argument; and (iv) a statement whether the objecting person or entity intends to appear at 21 the Final Approval Hearing, either in person or through counsel and, if through counsel, a statement 22 identifying that counsel by name, bar number, address, and telephone number. All objections shall be 23 signed by the objecting Settlement Class Member (or their Legally Authorized Representative), even 24 if the Settlement Class Member is represented by counsel. For those Settlement Class Members who 25 submit an objection in an email, the Settlement Class Member's typed name at the bottom of the 26 email shall constitute their signature.

8.4 The right to object to the proposed Settlement must be exercised individually by a
Settlement Class Member. Attempted collective, group, class, or subclass objections shall be

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ineffective and disregarded. Individual objections may be submitted by a Settlement Class Member's Legally Authorized Representative (who is not the Settlement Class Member's counsel).

8.5 Settlement Class Members who object to the proposed Settlement shall remain Settlement Class Members, and shall be deemed to have voluntarily waived their right to exclude themselves from the Settlement Class or pursue an independent remedy against Postmates and the Released Parties. To the extent any Settlement Class Member objects to the proposed Settlement Agreement, and such objection is overruled in whole or in part, such Settlement Class Member will be forever bound by the Final Approval order and Judgment.

8.6 It shall be Settlement Class Counsel's sole responsibility to respond to any objections made with respect to any application for the Settlement Class Counsel Award and Service Awards.

8.7 The Settlement Administrator shall prepare a list of all persons who timely and properly submitted an objection (the Objection List) and shall, before the Final Approval Hearing, submit an affidavit to the Court attesting to the accuracy of the list.

IX. RELEASES

9.1 The Released Claims against each and all of the Released Parties shall be released and dismissed with prejudice and on the merits (without an award of costs to any party other than as provided in this Agreement) upon entry of the Final Approval order and Judgment.

18 9.2 As of the Final Approval Date, the Plaintiffs and all Settlement Class Members who 19 have not been excluded from the Settlement Class as provided in the Opt-Out List, individually and 20 on behalf of their Legally Authorized Representatives, heirs, estates, trustees, executors, 21 administrators, representatives, agents, successors, and assigns, and anyone claiming through them or 22 acting or purporting to act on their behalf, agree to forever release, discharge, hold harmless, and 23 covenant not to sue each and all of the Released Parties from each and all of the Plaintiffs' General 24 Released Claims (in the case of the Plaintiffs), the Authorized Claimants' Released Claims (in the 25 case of the Authorized Claimants), and the Settlement Class Members' Released Claims (in the case 26 of the Settlement Class Members), and by operation of the Judgment becoming Final shall have fully 27 and finally released, relinquished, and discharged all such claims against each and all of the Released 28 Parties; and they further agree that they shall not now or hereafter initiate, maintain, or assert any of

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34 THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

the General Released Claims (in the case of the Plaintiffs), the Authorized Claimants' Released 1 2 Claims (in the case of the Authorized Claimants), or the Settlement Class Members' Released Claims 3 (in the case of the Settlement Class Members), against the Released Parties in any other court action 4 or before any administrative body, tribunal, arbitration panel, or other adjudicating body. Without in 5 any way limiting the scope of the releases described in Paragraphs 2.16, 2.29, and 2.41, or in the 6 remainder of this Section, this release covers, without limitation, any and all claims for attorneys' 7 fees, costs, or disbursements incurred by Settlement Class Counsel, or by the Plaintiffs or Settlement 8 Class Members, or any of them, in connection with or related in any manner to the Action, the 9 Settlement of the Action, and/or the Released Claims, except to the extent otherwise specified in this 10 Agreement.

9.3 The Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class Members expressly acknowledge that they are
familiar with principles of law such as Section 1542 of the California Civil Code, which provides:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY.

19 With respect to the Settlement Class Released Claims, as described in Paragraph 2.41, each 20 Settlement Class Member who has not been excluded from the Settlement Class as provided in the 21 Opt-Out List shall be deemed to have expressly, knowingly, and voluntarily waived and relinquished, 22 to the fullest extent permitted by law, the provisions, rights, and benefits he or she may otherwise 23 have had pursuant to Section 1542 of the California Civil Code and all similar federal, state, and local 24 laws, rights, rules, and legal principles of any other jurisdiction that may be applicable herein. In 25 connection with the release, the Settlement Class Members acknowledge that they are aware that they 26 may hereafter discover claims presently unknown and unsuspected or facts in addition to or different 27 from those which they now know or believe to be true with respect to matters released herein. 28 Nevertheless, the Settlement Class Members acknowledge that a portion of the consideration received

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35 THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868 herein is for a release with respect to unknown damages and complaints, whether resulting from
known injuries and consequences or from unknown injuries or unknown consequences of known or
unknown injuries, and state that it is the intention of the Settlement Class Members in agreeing to this
release fully, finally, and forever to settle and release all matters and all claims that exist, hereafter
may exist, or might have existed (whether or not previously or currently asserted in any action),
constituting the Settlement Class Members' Released Claims.

9.4 With respect to those claims that could be asserted under the FLSA, an Authorized Claimant's timely and valid submission of a signed Claim Form shall be deemed as that Authorized Claimant's Consent to Join and release all such matters and claims. The timely and valid submission of a signed Claim Form shall fully, finally and forever settle and release all such matters and claims as of the Effective Date.

12 9.5 With respect to the General Released Claims, as described in Paragraph 2.16, each 13 Plaintiff shall be deemed to have expressly, knowingly, and voluntarily waived and relinquished, to 14 the fullest extent permitted by law, the provisions, rights, and benefits he or she may otherwise have 15 had pursuant to Section 1542 of the California Civil Code and all similar federal, state, and local 16 laws, rights, rules, and legal principles of any other jurisdiction that may be applicable herein. In 17 connection with the release, Plaintiffs acknowledge that they are aware that they may hereafter 18 discover claims presently unknown and unsuspected or facts in addition to or different from those 19 which they now know or believe to be true with respect to matters released herein. Nevertheless, 20 Plaintiffs acknowledge that a portion of the consideration received herein is for a release with respect 21 to unknown damages and complaints, whether resulting from known injuries and consequences or 22 from unknown injuries or unknown consequences of known or unknown injuries, and state that it is 23 the intention of Plaintiffs in agreeing to this release fully, finally, and forever to settle and release all 24 matters and all claims that exist, hereafter may exist, or might have existed (whether or not 25 previously or currently asserted in any action), constituting the General Released Claims.

26 9.6 Each Plaintiff further acknowledges, agrees, and understands that: (i) he or she has
27 read and understands the terms of this Agreement; (ii) he or she has been advised in writing to
28 consult with an attorney before executing this Agreement; (iii) he or she has obtained and considered

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such legal counsel as he or she deems necessary; (iv) he or she has been given twenty-one (21) days to consider whether or not to enter into this Agreement (although he or she may elect not to use the full 21 day period at his or her option).

9.7 Subject to Court approval, the Plaintiffs and all Settlement Class Members who have not been excluded from the Settlement Class as provided in the Opt-Out List shall be bound by this Settlement Agreement, and all of the Released Claims shall be dismissed with prejudice and released, even if they never received actual notice of the Action or this Settlement.

X.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE SETTLEMENT FUND

10.1 The Settlement Administrator or its authorized agents in consultation with the Parties and subject to the supervision, direction, and approval of the Court, shall calculate the allocation of and oversee the distribution of the Total Settlement Amount.

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10.2 The Total Settlement Amount shall be applied as follows:

10.2.1 To pay the costs and expenses incurred in connection with providing Settlement Class Notice to potential Settlement Class Members, locating Settlement Class Members' last-known postal mail addresses and processing any objections, requests for exclusion or challenges to calculations of Estimated Miles;

10.2.2 After the Effective Date as provided in Paragraph 2.10, and subject to the approval and further order(s) of the Court, to pay Plaintiffs Service Awards based on contributions and time expended assisting in the litigation, up to the amounts described in Paragraph 2.29.

20 10.2.3 After the Effective Date as provided in Paragraph 2.10, and subject to the 21 approval and further order(s) of the Court, to pay the Settlement Class Counsel Award as ordered by 22 the Court;

10.2.4 After the Effective Date as provided in Paragraph 2.10, and subject to the approval and further order(s) of the Court, to distribute 75% of the PAGA Payment to the LWDA;

25 10.2.5 After the Effective Date as provided in Paragraph 2.10, and subject to the 26 approval and further order(s) of the Court, to distribute the Individual Settlement Payments from the 27 Total Settlement Amount for the benefit of the Settlement Class pursuant to the Plan of Allocation, or 28 as otherwise ordered by the Court.

10.3 If any portion of the Total Settlement Amount is not successfully redistributed to Settlement Class Members after the initial Void Date (i.e. checks are not cashed or checks are returned as undeliverable after the second distribution), then after the Void Date for redistributed checks, the Settlement Administrator shall void the check and shall direct such unclaimed funds to be paid to Legal Aid at Work. Such unclaimed funds may also be used to resolve disputes regarding the distribution of settlement funds.

10.4 Settlement Class Members who are not on the Opt-Out List approved by the Court shall be subject to and bound by the provisions of the Settlement Agreement, the releases contained herein, and the Judgment with respect to all Settlement Class Members' Released Claims, regardless of whether they obtain any distribution from the Total Settlement Amount.

10.5 Payment from the Total Settlement Amount shall be deemed conclusive of compliance with this Settlement Agreement as to all Settlement Class Members.

10.6 No Settlement Class Member shall have any claim against the Plaintiffs, Settlement Class Counsel, or the Settlement Administrator based on distributions made substantially in accordance with this Settlement Agreement and/or orders of the Court. No Settlement Class Member shall have any claim against Postmates or its counsel relating to distributions made under this Settlement.

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XI. EFFECT OF DISAPPROVAL, CANCELLATION, OR TERMINATION OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

11.1 If the Court does not approve the Settlement as set forth in this Settlement Agreement, or if the Court enters the Judgment and appellate review is sought, and on such review, the entry of Judgment is vacated, modified in any way, or reversed, or if the Final Approval order does not otherwise become Final, then this Settlement Agreement shall be cancelled, terminated, and void ab initio, unless all Parties, in their sole discretion within thirty (30) days from the date such ruling becomes final, provide written notice to all other Parties hereto of their intent to proceed with the Settlement under the terms of the Judgment as it may be modified by the Court or any appellate court.

11.2 Postmates shall have the right to withdraw from the Settlement if the number of Settlement Class Members who attempt to exclude themselves from the Settlement Class equals or

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exceeds 250. If Postmates chooses, pursuant to its sole and absolute discretion, to exercise this right, it must do so within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the Opt-Out List as provided in Paragraphs 7.2 and 7.9, by providing written notice to Settlement Class Counsel.

4 11.3 In the event that: (i) the Settlement is not approved, is overturned, or is materially 5 modified by the Court or on appeal, (ii) the Judgment does not become Final, or (iii) this Settlement 6 Agreement is terminated, cancelled, or fails to become effective for any reason, then: (a) the Parties 7 stipulate and agree that the Settlement, this Agreement, the Settlement Class Information, the Opt-8 Out List, and all documents exchanged and filed in connection with the Settlement shall be treated as 9 inadmissible mediation communications under Cal. Evid. Code § 1115 et seq.; (b) the Settlement 10 shall be without force and effect upon the rights of the Parties hereto, and none of its terms shall be effective or enforceable, with the exception of this Paragraph, which shall remain effective and 12 enforceable; (c) the Parties shall be deemed to have reverted nunc pro tunc to their respective statuses prior to execution of this Agreement, including with respect to any Court-imposed deadlines; (d) all 14 Orders entered in connection with the Settlement, including the certification of the Settlement and 15 certification of the FLSA claims, shall be vacated without prejudice to any Party's position on the 16 issues of class and collective action certification, the issue of amending the complaint, or any other issue, in this Action or any other action, and the Parties shall be restored to their litigation positions existing on the date of execution of this Agreement; and (e) the Parties shall proceed in all respects as if the Settlement Agreement and related documentation and orders had not been executed, and without prejudice in any way from the negotiation or fact of the Settlement or the terms of the Settlement Agreement. The Settlement Agreement, the Settlement, all documents, orders, and evidence relating to the Settlement, the fact of their existence, any of their terms, any press release or other statement or report by the Parties or by others concerning the Settlement Agreement, the Settlement, their existence, or their terms, and any negotiations, proceedings, acts performed, or documents executed pursuant to or in furtherance of the Settlement Agreement or the Settlement shall 26 not be admissible in any proceeding, and shall not be offered, received, or construed as evidence of a 27 presumption, concession, or an admission of liability, of unenforceability of any arbitration 28 agreement, of the certifiability of a litigation class, or of any misrepresentation or omission in any

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statement or written document approved or made, or otherwise used by any Person for any purpose
 whatsoever, in any trial of this Action or any other action or proceedings. Plaintiffs, Settlement Class
 Counsel, and the Settlement Administrator shall return to counsel for Postmates all copies of the
 Settlement Class Information and Opt-Out Lists and shall not use or disclose the Settlement Class
 Information or Opt-Out List for any purpose or in any proceeding.

6 11.4 Postmates does not agree or consent to certification of the class or FLSA claims for 7 any purpose other than to effectuate the Settlement of the Action. If this Settlement Agreement is 8 terminated pursuant to its terms, or the Effective Date for any reason does not occur, all Orders 9 certifying the Settlement Class and FLSA collective for purposes of effecting this Settlement 10 Agreement, and all preliminary and/or final findings regarding the Settlement Class, shall be void ab 11 initio and automatically vacated upon notice to the Court, the Action shall proceed as though the 12 Settlement Class had never been certified pursuant to this Settlement Agreement and such findings 13 had never been made, and the Action shall revert nunc pro tunc to the procedural status quo as of the 14 date and time immediately before the execution of the Settlement Agreement, in accordance with this 15 Settlement Agreement.

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XII. ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

12.1 In the event that one or more of the Parties to this Settlement Agreement institutes any legal action, arbitration, or other proceeding against any other party to enforce the provisions of this Settlement Agreement or to declare rights and/or obligations under this Settlement Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover from the unsuccessful party reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, including expert witness fees incurred in connection with any enforcement actions.

12.2 Unless otherwise specifically provided here, all notices, demands, or other communications given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed to have been duly given as of the third business day after mailing by United States registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed as follows:

To Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class:

Shannon Liss-Riordan, Esq. Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C. 729 Boylston Street

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Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116 To Defendants: Theane Evangelis, Esq. Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP 333 South Grand Avenue Los Angeles, CA 90071-3197 12.3 All of the Exhibits to this Settlement Agreement are an integral part of the Settlement and are incorporated by reference as though fully set forth herein. 12.4 The Parties agree that the recitals are contractual in nature and form a material part of this Settlement Agreement. 12.5 The Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Counsel acknowledge that an adequate factual record has been established that supports the Settlement and hereby waive any right to conduct further discovery to assess or confirm the Settlement. Notwithstanding the prior sentence, the Parties agree to reasonably cooperate with respect to efforts to identify the last-known addresses of Settlement Class Members.

12.6 Unless otherwise noted, all references to "days" in this Agreement shall be to calendar days. In the event any date or deadline set forth in this Agreement falls on a weekend or federal legal holiday, such date or deadline shall be on the first business day thereafter.

12.7 This Agreement supersedes all prior negotiations and agreements and may be amended or modified only by a written instrument signed by counsel for all Parties or the Parties' successors-in-interest.

12.8 The Parties reserve the right, subject to the Court's approval, to agree to any reasonable extensions of time that might be necessary to carry out any of the provisions of this Agreement. Such extensions must be in writing to be enforceable.

12.9 The Settlement Agreement, the Settlement, the fact of the Settlement's existence, any of the terms of the Settlement Agreement, any press release or other statement or report by the Parties or by others concerning the Settlement Agreement or the Settlement, and any negotiations, proceedings, acts performed, or documents executed pursuant to or in furtherance of the Settlement Agreement or the Settlement: (i) may not be deemed to be, may not be used as, and do not constitute

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an admission or evidence of the validity of any Released Claims or of any wrongdoing or liability of Postmates; (ii) may not be deemed to be, may not be used as, and do not constitute an admission or evidence of any fault, wrongdoing, or omission by Postmates in any trial, civil, criminal, arbitration, or administrative proceeding of the Action or any other action or proceedings in any court, administrative agency, arbitral forum or other tribunal; (iii) may not be used as evidence of any waiver of, unenforceability of, or as a defense to any Postmates arbitration agreement; and (iv) may not be used as evidence in any class certification proceeding.

12.10 The Released Parties shall have the right to file the Settlement Agreement, the Final Approval order and Judgment, and any other documents or evidence relating to the Settlement in any action that may be brought against them in order to support a defense or counterclaim based on principles of res judicata, collateral estoppel, release, good-faith settlement, judgment bar, reduction, or any other theory of claim preclusion or issue preclusion or similar defense or counterclaim.

12.11 The Parties to the Settlement Agreement agree that the Total Settlement Amount and the other terms of the Settlement were negotiated at arm's length and in good faith by the Parties, resulted from an arm's-length mediation session facilitated by Tripper Ortman, and reflect a settlement that was reached voluntarily based upon adequate information and sufficient discovery and after consultation with experienced legal counsel.

12.12 The Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Counsel have concluded that the Settlement set forth herein constitutes a fair, reasonable, and adequate resolution of the claims that the Plaintiffs asserted against Postmates, including the claims on behalf of the Settlement Class, and that it promotes the best interests of the Settlement Class.

12.13 To the extent permitted by law, all agreements made and orders entered during the course of the Action relating to the confidentiality of information shall survive this Settlement Agreement.

12.14 The Parties agree that Plaintiffs and Settlement Class Counsel are not required to return any documents or data produced by Postmates until the final resolution of the Action. Within sixty (60) days following the Effective Date, Settlement Class Counsel shall return to Postmates all

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP

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documents and data produced in the Action or in connection with the Parties' mediation, or confirm in writing that all such documents have been destroyed.

12.15 The waiver by one Party of any breach of this Settlement Agreement by any otherParty shall not be deemed a waiver of any other prior or subsequent breach of this SettlementAgreement.

12.16 This Settlement Agreement, including its Exhibits, constitutes the entire agreement among the Parties, and no representations, warranties, or inducements have been made to any Party concerning this Settlement Agreement or its Exhibits, other than the representations, warranties, and covenants contained and memorialized in this Settlement Agreement and its Exhibits.

12.17 This Settlement Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts. All executed counterparts and each of them shall be deemed to be one and the same instrument provided that counsel for the Parties to this Settlement Agreement shall exchange among themselves original signed counterparts.

12.18 This Settlement Agreement may be signed with a facsimile signature and in counterparts, each of which shall constitute a duplicate original.

12.19 The Parties hereto and their respective counsel agree that they will use their best efforts to obtain all necessary approvals of the Court required by this Settlement Agreement.

12.20 This Settlement Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the Parties hereto, including any and all Released Parties and any corporation, partnership, or other entity into or with which any Party hereto may merge, consolidate, or reorganize.

12.21 This Settlement Agreement has been negotiated among and drafted by Settlement Class Counsel and Postmates' Counsel. Named Plaintiffs, Settlement Class Members, and Postmates shall not be deemed to be the drafters of this Settlement Agreement or of any particular provision, nor shall they argue that any particular provision should be construed against its drafter or otherwise resort to the contra proferentem canon of construction. Accordingly, this Settlement Agreement should not be construed in favor of or against one Party as the drafter, and the Parties agree that the provisions of California Civil Code § 1654 and common law principles of construing ambiguities

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43 THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868 against the drafter shall have no application. All Parties agree that counsel for the Parties drafted this Settlement Agreement during extensive arm's-length negotiations. No parol or other evidence may be offered to explain, construe, contradict, or clarify its terms, the intent of the Parties or their counsel, or the circumstances under which this Settlement Agreement was made or executed.

12.22 Except where this Settlement Agreement itself provides otherwise, all terms, conditions, and Exhibits are material and necessary to this Settlement Agreement and have been relied upon by the Parties in entering into this Settlement Agreement.

12.23 This Settlement Agreement shall be governed by California law. Any action or dispute based on this Settlement Agreement, including any action to enforce any of the terms of this Settlement Agreement, shall be commenced and maintained only in the Superior Court of California, San Francisco County, which shall retain jurisdiction over all such actions and disputes.

12.24 All Parties to this Settlement Agreement shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Superior Court of California, San Francisco County for all purposes related to this Settlement Agreement.

12.25 The Court shall retain continuing and exclusive jurisdiction over the Parties to this Settlement Agreement for the purpose of the administration and enforcement of this Settlement Agreement.

12.26 The headings used in this Settlement Agreement are for the convenience of the reader only, and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of this Settlement Agreement.

12.27 In construing this Settlement Agreement, the use of the singular includes the plural (and vice-versa) and the use of the masculine includes the feminine (and vice-versa).

12.28 Each Party to this Settlement Agreement warrants that he, she, or it is acting upon his, her, or its independent judgment and upon the advice of counsel, and not in reliance upon any warranty or representation, express or implied, of any nature or of any kind by any other Party, other than the warranties and representations expressly made in this Settlement Agreement.

12.29 Signatory counsel warrant that they are fully authorized to execute this Agreement on behalf of their respective clients listed below. Each Counsel signing this Settlement Agreement on behalf of his/her clients who are unable to sign the Agreement on the date that it is executed by other

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44 THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868 Parties represents that such counsel is fully authorized to sign this Settlement Agreement on behalf of his/her clients; provided, however, that all Parties who have not executed this Agreement on the date that it is executed by the other Parties shall promptly thereafter execute this Agreement and in any event no later than one (1) week after the Agreement has been executed by counsel.

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto, by and through their respective attorneys, and intending to be legally bound hereby, have duly executed this Settlement Agreement as of the date set forth below.

9 10	Dated: July <u>15</u> , 2021	By: <u>Shann file Pidan</u> Shannon Liss-Riordan
11		LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C.
12		Attorneys for Plaintiffs JACOB RIMLER, GIOVANNI JONES, DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, and JOSHUA
13		ALBERT
14		_
15	Dated: July, 2021	By: Theane Evangelis
16		Michele L. Maryott Dhananjay S. Manthripragada GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP
17		
18		Attorneys for Defendant POSTMATES, INC.
19	Dated: July <u>15</u> , 2021	By: <u>Amir Mostafavi</u> Amir Mostafavi
20		Amır Mostafavı
21	Dated: July , 2021	Attorney for Plaintiffs MELANIE WINNS, RALPH HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO, AND KRISTIE LOGAN
22	,,,	
23		By: Matthew Bainer
24		Attorney for Plaintiff SHERICKA VINCENT
25		
26	Dated: July, 2021	By:Kitty Szeto
27		Attorney for Plaintiff WENDY SANTANA
28		
Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP		45 Settlement agreement and release CGC-18-567868

Parties represents that such counsel is fully authorized to sign this Settlement Agreement on behalf of his/her clients; provided, however, that all Parties who have not executed this Agreement on the date that it is executed by the other Parties shall promptly thereafter execute this Agreement and in any event no later than one (1) week after the Agreement has been executed by counsel.

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Dated: July ____, 2021 By: 10 Shannon Liss-Riordan LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 11 Attorneys for Plaintiffs JACOB RIMLER, 12 GIOVANNI JONES, DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, and JOSHUA 13 ALBERT 14 Dated: July ____, 2021 By: 15 Theane Evangelis Michele L. Maryott 16 Dhananjay S. Manthripragada **GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP** 17 Attorneys for Defendant POSTMATES, INC. 18 Dated: July ____, 2021 19 By: Amir Mostafavi 20 Attorney for Plaintiffs MELANIE WINNS, 21 RALPH HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO, AND KRISTIE LOGAN Dated: July ____, 2021 22 By: 23 Matthew Bainer 24 Attorney for Plaintiff SHERICKA VINCENT 25 Dated: July ____, 2021 By: 26 Kitty Szeto 27 Attorney for Plaintiff WENDY SANTANA 28 Gibson, Dunn & 45 Crutcher LLP THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

Parties represents that such counsel is fully authorized to sign this Settlement Agreement on behalf of his/her clients; provided, however, that all Parties who have not executed this Agreement on the date that it is executed by the other Parties shall promptly thereafter execute this Agreement and in any event no later than one (1) week after the Agreement has been executed by counsel.

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Dated: July ____, 2021 By: 10 Shannon Liss-Riordan LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 11 Attorneys for Plaintiffs JACOB RIMLER, 12 GIOVANNI JONES, DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, and JOSHUA 13 ALBERT 14 Dated: July ____, 2021 By: 15 Theane Evangelis Michele L. Maryott 16 Dhananjay S. Manthripragada GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP 17 Attorneys for Defendant POSTMATES, INC. 18 Dated: July ____, 2021 19 By: Amir Mostafavi 20 Attorney for Plaintiffs MELANIE WINNS, 21 RALPH HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO, Dated: July ____, 2021 AND KRISTIE LOGAN 22 By: 23 Matthew Bainer 24 Attorney for Plaintiff SHERICKA VINCENT 25 Dated: July 15, 2021 By: 26 27 Plaintiff WENDY SANTANA Attorn 28 45 Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP THIRD AMENDED CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT AND RELEASE Case No. CGC-18-567868

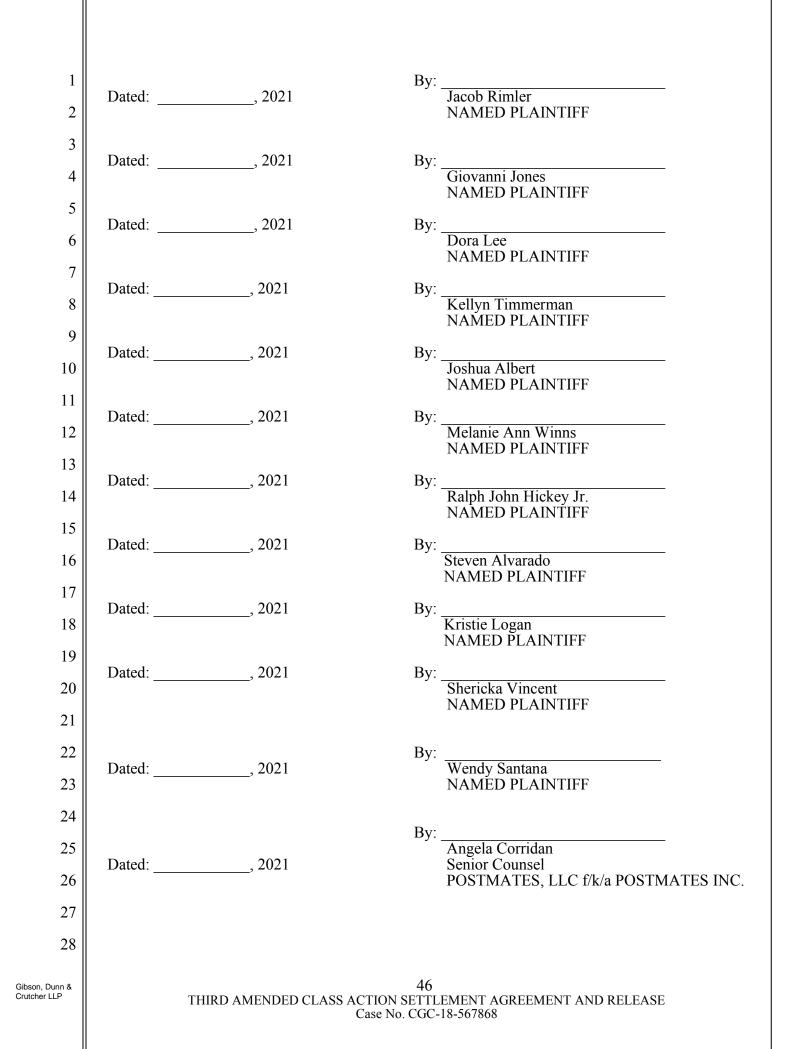


Exhibit A to Settlement Agreement

<u>Please read notice below and CLICK HERE if you want to claim</u> your share of the settlement.

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT AND HEARING DATE FOR COURT APPROVAL

(*Rimler, et al. v. Postmates Inc.*, San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-18-567868)

You are receiving this Notice because you may be eligible to participate in a class action settlement with Postmates. Postmates' records show you are or were a courier at some point between June 3, 2017, and January 1, 2021, and may be entitled to receive a payment [LINK TO CLAIM PORTAL] from the settlement.

A proposed class action settlement has been reached in a lawsuit involving certain current and former couriers who have used the Postmates mobile application in California alleging that couriers should be classified as employees, and that Postmates has violated provisions of California labor law by classifying drivers as independent contractors. Postmates denies these allegations. Under the settlement, if it is approved by the Court, Postmates will pay \$32,000,000.00 to settle the lawsuit and obtain a release of the claims discussed below in Section 4. The named plaintiffs and their lawyers have requested attorneys' fees/expenses, settlement administration fees, and service awards to the named plaintiffs. If the Court approves the fees, expenses, and service awards requested by the named plaintiffs and their lawyers, and after the deduction of an award to the California Labor and Workforce Development Agency, approximately \$17,795,000 will be distributed to Settlement Class Members. The Court in charge of the lawsuit still has to decide whether to approve the settlement. If it does, then individuals who used the Postmates mobile application as couriers between June 3, 2017, and January 1, 2021, will be eligible for payment as part of the settlement.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS WILL BE AFFECTED WHETHER YOU ACT OR DO NOT ACT. PLEASE READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY. YOU ARE NOT BEING SUED. THIS IS NOT A SOLICITATION FROM A LAWYER.

SUMMARY OF YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:						
OPTION 1: PARTICIPATE IN THE SETTLEMENT						
Submit a Claim and Receive a Payment	If you are a member of the Settlement Class, you must submit a claim [LINK TO CLAIM PORTAL] to receive a payment. Instructions on submitting a claim are set forth in section 6 below [LINK TO SECTION 6].					
	After the Court approves the settlement, the payment will be mailed to you at the address you include in your claim form. If your address changes, please notify the Settlement Administrator as explained below.					
	You cannot make a claim if you exclude yourself from the Settlement Class. As detailed below in Section 4, being a member of the Settlement Class means that you may make a claim to receive a payment. It also means that you will release specified claims or causes of action that you may have against Postmates. This means that you will give up your right to be part of another lawsuit or other legal proceeding, including individual arbitration, against Postmates relating to the claims being resolved in this settlement.					
	Additionally, by submitting a claim, you will also release Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") claims that you may have against Postmates. See the explanation below in Section 4.					
Object to the Settlement	If you want to object to the settlement, you must mail or email the Settlement Administrator a statement explaining why you do not like the settlement. You cannot object to ask the Court for a higher payment for yourself personally, although you can object to the payment terms (or any other terms) that apply generally to the settlement class.					
	Directions are provided below in Section 8.					
Dispute the Information in Postmates' Records	As explained below in Section 3, your share of the settlement has been calculated based on information in Postmates' records about the estimated miles you have driven using the Postmates app between June 3, 2017 and January 1, 2021. If you do not believe that the information in Section 3 is correct, you may dispute it.					
	Directions are provided below in Section 3.					
Do Nothing	If you do nothing, you will remain a member of the Settlement Class, but you will not receive a payment.					
	As detailed below in Section 4, being a member of the Settlement Class means that you will release specified claims that you may have against Postmates.					
OPTION 2: EXCLUDE	OPTION 2: EXCLUDE YOURSELF FROM THE SETTLEMENT					
Exclude Yourself From the Settlement	If you do not want to receive payment from the settlement, and do not want to be a member of the Settlement Class, you must exclude yourself by sending a letter or email to the Settlement Administrator no later than [DATE].					
	If you request exclusion from the Settlement Class, you will receive no money from the settlement (even if you submit a					

	claim), but you will retain your right to sue Postmates for the claims asserted in this lawsuit (except the PAGA claims) in a different lawsuit or in individual arbitration. See Section 4 below for more information.			
	Instructions to exclude yourself are set forth below.			
1. Why did I get this Notice?				

The plaintiffs and the defendant in the *Rimler, et al. v. Postmates Inc.*, San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-18-567868 case have reached a settlement.

You received this Notice because you have been identified as a Settlement Class member.

The Settlement Class is defined as the following:

Any and all individuals who entered into an agreement with Postmates to use the Postmates platform as an independent contractor to offer delivery services to customers, and used the Postmates platform as an independent contractor courier to accept or complete at least one delivery in California between June 3, 2017, and January 1, 2021.

This Notice explains the lawsuit, the settlement of that lawsuit, and your legal rights. It is important that you read this Notice carefully as your rights will be affected by the settlement.

2. What is the class action lawsuit about?

On July 5, 2018, Plaintiff Jacob Rimler filed a complaint in the San Francisco County Superior Court, bringing claims on behalf of individuals who used the Postmates app as couriers and the state of California. Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Anne Winns, Ralph John Hickey, Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana were later added as named plaintiffs, and the case was amended to add class action claims on behalf of couriers who are part of the Settlement Class. This case is entitled Rimler, et al. v. Postmates Inc., Case Number CGC-18-567868. Ms. Lee and Ms. Timmerman had previously filed a putative class action bringing similar claims against Postmates, Lee et al. v. Postmates, N.D. Cal. Case No. 18-cv-3421. Mr. Albert had also filed a case bringing similar claims against Postmates, Albert v. Postmates, N.D. Cal. Case No. 18-cv-7592. Melanie Anne Winns, Ralph John Hickey, Jr., Steven Alvarado, and Kristie Logan had also filed a case bringing similar claims against Postmates, Winns v. Postmates Inc., Case No. CGC-17-562282 in the Superior Court of California, San Francisco County. Shericka Vincent had also previously filed a representative action bringing similar claims against Postmates, Vincent v. Postmates Inc., Case No. RG19018205, in the Superior Court of California, Alameda County. Wendy Santana had also previously filed a representative action bringing similar claims against Postmates, Santana v. Postmates, Inc., Case No. BC720151, in the Superior Court of California, Los Angeles County. These other cases are all currently on hold in light of this settlement, and they will be dismissed if the settlement is approved. On June 17, 2020, the Court issued an order coordinating the Rimler, Winns, Vincent, and Santana Actions with two other similar matters pending against Postmates: Brown v. Postmates, Inc., Case No. BC712974 (Los Angeles Super. Ct.) and Altounian v. Postmates, Inc., Case No. CGC-20-584366 (San Francisco Super. Ct.).

These lawsuits claim that Postmates violated California law, including by misclassifying couriers as independent contractors, failing to reimburse couriers' allegedly necessary business expenses, and failing to pay minimum wages and overtime.

Postmates denies that it violated the law in any way, denies couriers were, or are, employees, and further denies that the lawsuit is appropriate for class treatment for any purpose other than this settlement. Nothing in this Notice, the settlement, or any actions to carry out the terms of the settlement means that Postmates admits any fault, guilt, negligence, wrongdoing, or liability whatsoever.

The Court did not decide in favor of the Plaintiffs or the Defendant in the lawsuit. Instead, the parties in the lawsuit agreed to a settlement that they believe is a fair, reasonable, and adequate compromise. The parties reached this agreement after lengthy negotiations and independent consideration of the risks of litigation and benefits of settlement through a formal conference with an experienced mediator. The Plaintiffs and their lawyers have considered the substantial benefits from the Settlement that will be given to the Settlement Class Members and balanced those benefits with the risk that a trial could end in a verdict in Postmates' favor. They also considered the value of the immediate benefit to Settlement Class Members versus the cost and delay of litigation through trial and appeals. Counsel for the Plaintiffs believe that the amount Postmates has agreed to pay is fair, adequate, and reasonable in light of the risks and time required to continue litigating this case.

The Court overseeing the case has reviewed the settlement. The Court preliminarily approved the named plaintiffs to serve as representatives for the Settlement Class defined in section 1, above. The Court also preliminarily approved the law firm Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C. to serve as class counsel.

3. What are the terms of the settlement?

The full settlement agreement is available at http://www.[website].com. Subject to the Court's approval, a summary of the terms of the settlement include:

<u>Settlement Amount</u> If the settlement is approved by the Court, Postmates will pay \$32,000,000 to the Settlement Class to settle the lawsuit and obtain a release of the claims discussed below in Section 4.

The settlement amount includes:

- Payments to Settlement Class Members totaling approximately \$17,790,000 (including a \$250,000 Dispute Resolution Fund).
- Attorneys' fees and costs not to exceed \$10,560,000 for class counsel
- Administration expenses of \$945,000
- \$4,000,000 for PAGA penalties, of which 75% (\$3,000,000) will be paid to the State of California and 25% (\$1,000,000) will be paid to the Settlement Class Members
- Awards not to exceed \$5,000 each to plaintiffs Rimler, Jones, Timmerman, Lee, Albert, Winns, Hickey, Jr., Alvarado, Logan, Vincent, and Santana.

Tax Matters Nothing in this settlement or this Notice is intended to constitute tax advice. You

may wish to consult a tax advisor concerning the tax consequences of the payments received under the settlement.

<u>Conditions of Settlement</u> The payment of Settlement Class Member awards is conditioned upon the Court entering an order at or following a final approval hearing on the settlement, and the settlement becoming final.

4. What do I release by participating in this settlement?

If the Court grants final approval of the Settlement, the Court will enter judgment, and the Settlement will bind all Settlement Class Members who have not opted out, and the judgment will bar all Settlement Class Members from bringing any claims released in the Settlement. The release stated in full in Section IX of the Settlement Agreement and described in part below:

Any and all present and past claims, actions, demands, causes of action, suits, debts, guarantees, obligations, damages, penalties, rights or liabilities, of any nature and description whatsoever, known or unknown, existing or potential, recognized now or hereafter, contingent or accrued, expected or unexpected, pursuant to any theory of recovery (including but not limited to those based in contract or tort, common law or equity, federal, state, or local law, statute, ordinance, or regulation, and for claims for compensatory, consequential, punitive or exemplary damages, statutory damages, penalties, interest, attorneys' fees, costs, or disbursements) that are based on or reasonably related to the claims alleged in or that could have been alleged in the Rimler Second Amended Complaint, and all misclassification claims, and specifically including: claims pursuant to the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. § 201, et seq. (only for those Settlement Class Members who submit a valid and timely Claim Form); California Labor Code sections 132a, 201-204, 206.5, 207, 208, 210-214, 216, 218, 218.5, 218.6, 221-224, 225.5, 226, 226.3, 226.7, 226.8, 227, 227.3, 245-249, 351, 353, 432.5, 450, 510, 512, 551-552, 558, 1174, 1174.5, 1182.12, 1194, 1194.2, 1194.3, 1197, 1197.1, 1198, 2753, 2802, 2804; the Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), California Labor Code section 2698 et seq.; California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5; California Code of Regulations, title 8, sections 11010 and 11040; Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders; California Business and Professions Code sections 17200 et seq.; and any other similar state, federal, local, or common law, statute, regulation, or ordinance for unpaid wages, minimum wages, regular wages, tips, overtime wages (including but not limited to calculation of the correct overtime or regular rate), working more than six days in seven, expense reimbursement, wage statements, payroll recordkeeping, reporting time, improper deduction of wages, failure to provide workers' compensation insurance, meal periods, rest breaks, sick leave, final pay, penalties for timely payment of wages upon discharge, waiting time penalties, PAGA penalties, unfair business practices, all claims arising out of or relating to the statutory causes of action described herein, restitution, interest, costs and expenses, attorneys' fees, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, liquidated damages, exemplary or punitive damages, civil penalties, equitable remedies, and/or pre- or post-judgment interest at any time between June 3, 2017 and January 1, 2021.

All Settlement Class Members who do not timely and formally opt out of the settlement by requesting exclusion as described below shall be bound by this release, except that all Settlement Class Members (even those who do opt out) shall be bound by this release for PAGA claims. Any Settlement Class Member who submits a timely and valid Claim Form, or does not submit a timely and valid opt-out request, agrees to waive the Class Action Waiver in any existing arbitration agreement between the Settlement Class Member and Postmates with respect to the Released Claims.

For Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") claims, only Settlement Class Members who submit a claim shall be bound by the release of the FLSA claims.

With respect to all Settlement Class Members (other than Named Plaintiffs), Settlement Class Members do <u>not</u> release other claims that are not within the definition of Settlement Class Members' Released Claims, including claims for retaliation, wrongful termination, unemployment, disability, worker's compensation, claims outside of the Settlement Class Period, and claims that cannot be released as a matter of law.

If you do not timely and formally exclude yourself from the settlement, you cannot sue, continue to sue, or be part of any other lawsuit or legal proceeding in any forum (including arbitration) against Postmates and the Released Parties about the legal issues resolved by this Settlement. It also means that all of the Court's orders in this litigation will apply to you and legally bind you.

If you wish to obtain additional information about this settlement or your rights to object to, or exclude yourself from, this lawsuit, you may also contact the class counsel at www.[website].com or any other lawyer.

5. How much will my payment be?

To calculate each settlement class member's share of the settlement, the Settlement Administrator will review Postmates' records from June 3, 2017, through January 1, 2021. Settlement Class Members will be awarded points proportional to the estimated number of miles driven while using the Postmates application as a courier. Settlement Class Members will receive one (1) point for every estimated mile driven, and your points will be doubled if you (a) provided Postmates with a valid request to opt out of its arbitration provision before January 1, 2021; (b) filed a demand for arbitration against Postmates challenging your classification (whether represented by counsel or acting on your own) before January 1, 2021; or (c) communicated to Postmates an intent to initiate arbitration against Postmates challenging your classification (whether through counsel or acting on your own) before January 1, 2021.

According to Postmates' records, you have driven an estimated <u>miles and you</u> [are/are not] receiving double points. Therefore, your points total is: [number of points]

These points do not have a value fixed at a particular dollar amount; that amount will vary depending upon many factors, including how many Settlement Class Members submit a claim and are receiving payments under this settlement and the amount ultimately awarded in attorneys' fees and incentive payments to the named plaintiffs. Assuming a 50% claim rate for the settlement, your estimated settlement payment would be approximately \$_____. Assuming

<u>a 100% claim rate for the settlement, your estimated settlement payment would be approximately</u> <u>______</u>.

The determination of each Settlement Class Member's estimated miles driven is based on the relevant records that Postmates is able to identify. If you do not agree with your estimated miles or with Postmates' records regarding whether your points should be doubled, you can inform the Settlement Administrator by mail or email. To contest your number of miles, you must provide documentation showing that you drove more miles between pick-up and delivery than estimated in this Notice. To contest whether you should receive double points, you must provide documentation via email or letter sufficient to show that you submitted a valid request to opt out of arbitration before January 1, 2021, that you initiated an arbitration demand against Postmates before January 1, 2021, or that you communicated to Postmates (through an attorney or acting on your own) an intent to initiate arbitration before January 1, 2021.

The Net Settlement Amount will be distributed to Settlement Class Members who make a claim in proportion to their number of points (but no Settlement Class Member who submits a claim will receive less than \$10). The Net Settlement Amount will be calculated by subtracting from the Settlement Amount the amounts approved by the Court for attorney's fees for class counsel, class counsel's litigation costs, settlement administration expenses, the incentive awards to the named plaintiffs, and the PAGA-related amount to be paid to State of California.

Settlement Class Members who do not exclude themselves from the Settlement as provided for below will be entitled to receive a payment pursuant to the Settlement **either by a**) **submitting a timely claim and not opting out of the class or b**) **submitting a timely claim, not opting out of the class, and objecting to the settlement.**

If you do not submit a timely claim for payment and do not opt out of the class, you will <u>not</u> receive a payment, but you will remain part of the Settlement Class, and you will release all claims you may have related to the allegations in the case, as described in Section 4 above.

If you exclude yourself from the settlement, you will not receive a payment, but you will retain the ability to sue Postmates for the claims asserted in this lawsuit (except for the PAGA claim) in a different lawsuit or in individual arbitration. See Section 4 above for more information.

6. How can I get a payment?

To receive a payment under this settlement, you must submit a claim by _____.

Your Claimant ID is [######] and your Control Number is [######].

Claims can be submitted online by navigating to the web page at [link to claim form] and following the instructions, or by filling out the enclosed claim form and submitting it to the Claims Administrator, at the following address, by mail or e-mail:

[Claims Administrator's Claim Form Mailing Address]

[Claims Administrator's Claim Form Email Address]

If you do not submit a claim by _____, you will not receive payment under the settlement.

IMPORTANT:

You must notify the Claims Administrator of any change of address to ensure receipt of your settlement payment. You can notify the Claims Administrator of an address change by sending a letter or email to the above mailing and email addresses with your new address.

Settlement checks will be null and void 180 days after issuance if not deposited or cashed. If you do not deposit or cash your check within 180 days after issuance, you will forfeit your right to the funds, and they will be redistributed to other Settlement Class Members who deposited or cashed their checks. Therefore, if your check is lost or misplaced, you should contact the claims administrator immediately to request a replacement. Some Settlement Class Members may be entitled to receive a second distribution check from the settlement. These checks will also be null and void 180 days after issuance if not deposited or cashed. Any remaining funds after the second distribution will be sent to Legal Aid at Work, a nonprofit organization.

If you opt out of the settlement and also submit a claim for payment, you will not receive payment under the settlement, and will be treated as an opt-out as described in section 7 below.

The Court will hold a hearing on ______, 2021, to decide whether to approve the Settlement. If the Court approves the Settlement and there are no objections or appeals, payments will be mailed within approximately 30 days after the Court approves the Settlement. If there are objections or appeals, resolving them can take time, perhaps more than a year. Please be patient.

7. What if I don't want to be a part of this settlement?

If you do not wish to participate in this settlement, you must exclude yourself from the settlement or "opt out." If you opt out, you will receive no money from the settlement, and you will not be bound by its terms (except that you will still be releasing your claims under the Private Attorneys General Act). To opt out, you must submit a written request to the Claims Administrator via postal mail or in the body of an email.

The address to send opt-out requests to the Claims Administrator is:

[Mailing address for opt-out requests.] [Email address for opt-out requests.]

Your request for exclusion must contain: (1) a clear statement that you wish to be excluded from the settlement in the <u>Rimler v. Postmates</u> class action; (2) your name (and former names, if any), address, and telephone number; and (3) your signature (or the signature of your legally-authorized representative). If you are submitting a request for exclusion by email, your request must be made from your email address used to sign up on the Postmates platform, and your typed name at the end of the email shall constitute your "signature". Your request for exclusion must be postmarked or emailed no later than ______, 2021. Written requests for

exclusion that are postmarked or emailed after this date, or that are unsigned by an individual Settlement Class Member, will be rejected, and those Settlement Class Members will remain bound by the settlement and the releases described above.

If you are represented by a lawyer and you would like that lawyer to submit an opt-out request on your behalf, you should contact your lawyer to discuss the settlement, the amount that you would be entitled to receive in the settlement, and your request to opt out of the settlement.

8. How do I tell the Court that I don't like the settlement?

Any Settlement Class Member who has not opted out and believes that the settlement should not be finally approved by the court for any reason may object to the proposed settlement by submitting a written request to the Claims Administrator via postal mail or in the body of an email.

The address to send objections to the Claims Administrator is:

[Mailing address for objections.] [Email address for objections.]

A Settlement Class Member may object to any aspect of the proposed settlement, including to the attorneys' fees and service awards. All objections must be in writing and contain at least the following: (1) the case name and number, which is *Rimler v. Postmates, Inc.*, in the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Francisco, Case No. CGC-18-567868; (2) your name, current address, and telephone number (3) a description of why you believe the settlement is unfair; (4) a statement whether you intend to appear at the final approval hearing, either in person or through counsel and, if through counsel, a statement identifying that counsel by name, bar number, address, and telephone number. If you are submitting an objection by email, your typed name at the end of the email shall constitute your "signature". You can submit an objection even if you also submitted a Claim Form, but you must submit a Claim Form to receive your settlement share.

The objections must be sent to the Claims Administrator on or before , 2021.

To object to the settlement, you must not opt out of the settlement (except you can still object to the PAGA component of the settlement if you opt out), and if the court approves the settlement, you will be bound by the terms of the settlement in the same way as Settlement Class Members who do not object. Any Settlement Class Member who does not object as required by this notice shall have waived any objection to the settlement, whether by appeal or otherwise.

9. When and where will the Court decide whether to approve the settlement?

The court will hold a final approval hearing at ______ on _____, 2021, at the San Francisco County Superior Court in Department 303, located at 400 McAllister Street, San Francisco, California 94102. At this hearing the court will consider whether the settlement is fair, reasonable, and adequate. The court will also consider Class Counsel's application for attorneys' fees and Plaintiffs' service awards. The purpose of this hearing is for the court to determine whether to grant final approval to the settlement. If the settlement is not approved, or if there are objections to the settlement and the settlement is appealed, the litigation may continue and take some time (possibly years) to resolve. If there are objections, the court will consider them. This hearing may be rescheduled by the court without further notice to you, so you should check the settlement administration website at <u>www.[website].com</u> to determine whether the hearing has been rescheduled. You are not required to attend the final approval hearing, although any settlement class member is welcome to attend the hearing.

10. How do I get more information about the settlement?

You may call the Settlement Administrator at ______ or write to [Settlement Administrator Mailing Address and Email Address]. You can also contact *Rimler* class counsel at [insert number] or check the settlement administration website at www.[website].com. You can view the full docket of the case for free on the Court's website at https://sfsuperiorcourt.org/online-services. From there, select "Case Query" and search for Case Number CGC-18-567868. You will see the "Register of Actions" page, where you can view all the motions and court orders that have been filed in this case. This notice summarizes the proposed settlement. More details are in the settlement agreement. You may receive a copy of the settlement agreement document, or get more details about the lawsuit, by writing to Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C., 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000, Boston MA 02116.

The address for Class counsel is as follows:

Shannon Liss-Riordan Anne Kramer Lichten & Liss-Riordan, P.C. 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116 www.llrlaw.com Tel: 617-994-5800 Fax: 617-994-5801 Email: claims@llrlaw.com

You can also visit the settlement administration website at www.[website].com to view the following documents:

- The Second Amended Complaint;
- The Settlement Agreement;
- The Notice;
- The Court's Order Preliminarily Approving the Settlement;
- Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Approval and supporting Declarations;
- Plaintiffs' Reply Brief in Support of Preliminary Approval and supporting Declarations;
- Defendant Postmates' Statement in Support of Preliminary Approval;
- Plaintiffs' Supplemental Brief in Support of Preliminary Approval and Declarations;
- Plaintiffs' Supplemental Reply Brief in Support of Preliminary Approval and Declarations;
- Plaintiffs' Supplemental Briefing in Support of Revised Class Action Settlement;

- The Court's First Order on Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Approval dated November 26, 2019;
- The Court's Tentative Ruling re Continued Motion for Preliminary Approval dated April 24, 2020;
- The Court's Order After Hearing re Plaintiffs' Continued Motion for Preliminary Approval dated June 17, 2020.
- The Court's Order dated July 1, 2021.

PLEASE DO NOT CALL THE COURT ABOUT THIS NOTICE.

Claimant ID: [#######] Control Number: [#######]

CLAIM FORM

<u>Rimler et al. v. Postmates Inc.</u>, San Francisco Superior Court Case No. CGC-18-567868

To claim your share of the settlement proceeds from the *Rimler v. Postmates Inc.*. class action settlement, you must complete and return this form no later than

Settlement Administrator ADDRESS CITY, STATE, ZIP

CITY, STATE, ZIP Tel: (617) XXX-XXXX email@email.com

ume:			
Address:			
Home Phone:	Cell Phone:		

Email address (optional):

TO RECEIVE YOUR SETTLEMENT PAYMENT, YOU MUST SIGN AND DATE BELOW.

BY SIGNING BELOW, you are agreeing to the terms of the settlement, consenting to join the Settlement Class in *Rimler v. Postmates Inc.*, and agreeing to release all federal Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") wage and hour claims against Postmates that are covered by the Settlement, in addition to the other claims against Postmates that you are releasing as a Settlement Class Member.

(Signature)

(Date)

Exhibit B to Settlement Agreement

SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN (SBN 310719) (sliss@llrlaw.com) ANNE KRAMER (SBN 315131) (akramer@llrlaw.com) LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116 Telephone: (617) 994-5800 Facsimile: (617) 994-5801 Attorneys for Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler and Giovanni Jones, in their capacities as Private Attorney General Representatives				
SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
FOR THE COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO				
COORDINATION PROCEEDING SPECIAL TITLE [RULE 3.550] POSTMATES CLASSIFICATION CASES Included Actions: <u>Winns v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. CGC-17-562282 (San Francisco Superior Court) <u>Rimler v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. CGC-18-567868 (San Francisco Superior Court.) <u>Brown v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. BC712974 (Los Angeles Superior Court) <u>Santana v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. BC720151 (Los Angeles Superior Court) <u>Vincent v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. RG19018205 (Alameda County Superior Court) <u>Altounian v. Postmates, Inc.</u> , No. CGC-20- 584366 (San Francisco Superior Court)	Case No. CJC-20-005068 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT Department 303 Hon. Suzanne R. Bolanos Hearing Date: July 21, 2021 Hearing Time: 2:00 pm			
584366 (San Francisco Superior Court)				
[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF	'S' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL			

OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT Error! Unknown document property name.

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This matter, having come before The Honorable Suzanne R. Bolanos of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Francisco, at 2:00 p.m. on July 21, 2021, with Lichten & Liss-Riordan P.C. as counsel for Plaintiffs and Gibson Dunn & Crutcher LLP appearing as counsel for Defendant Postmates Inc. ("Postmates" or "Defendant") (collectively, "the Parties"), and the Court having carefully considered the briefs, argument of counsel, and all matters presented to the Court and good cause appearing, the Court hereby GRANTS Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED:

1. The Court preliminarily approves the Third Amended Class Action Settlement Agreement attached as Exhibit 1 to the Declaration of Shannon Liss-Riordan in Support of Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement. This is based on the Court's determination that the Settlement Agreement is within the range of possible final approval, pursuant to the provisions of Section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure and California Rules of Court, rule 3.769.

2. This Order incorporates by reference the definitions in the Agreement, and all terms defined therein shall have the same meaning in this Order as set forth in the Agreement. 3. The Total Settlement Amount that Defendant shall pay is \$32,000,000.00. It appears to the Court on a preliminary basis that the settlement amount and terms are fair, adequate, and reasonable as to all potential Settlement Class Members when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation relating to certification, liability, and damages issues. It further appears that substantial investigation and research have been conducted such that counsel for the Parties are able to reasonably evaluate their respective positions. It further appears to the Court that settlement at this time will avoid substantial additional costs by all Parties, as well as avoid the delay and risks that would be presented by the further prosecution of the Litigation. It further appears that the Settlement has been reached as the result of intensive, serious and non-collusive, arm'slength negotiations.

4. The Court preliminarily finds that the Settlement appears to be within the range of reasonableness of a settlement that could ultimately be given final approval by this Court. The Court has reviewed the monetary recovery that is being granted as part of the Settlement and preliminarily finds that the monetary settlement awards made available to Class Members is fair, adequate, and reasonable when balanced against the probable outcome of further litigation relating to certification, liability, and damages issues.

5. The Agreement specifies an attorneys' fees and costs award not to exceed thirty-three and one-third (33.33%) percent of the Total Settlement Amount to Class Counsel, and proposed service awards to the Named Plaintiffs of \$5,000 each. While these awards appear to be within the range of reasonableness and supported by the individual dismissals being provided by each of the Named Plaintiffs, the Court will not approve the amount of attorneys' fees and costs until the Final Approval Hearing. Similarly, the Court will not decide the amount of any Service Award until the Final Approval Hearing.

6. The Court recognizes that Plaintiffs and Defendant stipulate and agree to certification of a class for settlement purposes only. This stipulation will not be deemed admissible in this or any other proceeding should this Settlement not become Final. For settlement purposes only, the Court conditionally certifies the following Settlement Class: "Any and all individuals who entered into an agreement with Postmates to use the Postmates platform as an independent courier to offer delivery services to customers, and used the Postmates platform to accept or complete at least one delivery in California between June 3, 2017, and January 1, 2021."

7. The Court concludes that, for settlement purposes only, the Settlement Class meets the requirements for certification under section 382 of the California Code of Civil Procedure in that: (a) the Settlement Class is ascertainable and so numerous that joinder of all members of the Settlement Class is impracticable; (b) common questions of law and fact predominate, and there is a well-defined community of interest amongst the 2 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

members of the Settlement Class with respect to the subject matter of the litigation; (c) the claims of the named plaintiffs are typical of the claims of the members of the Settlement Class; (d) the Settlement Class Representatives will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the members of the Settlement Class; (e) a class action is superior to other available methods for the efficient adjudication of this controversy; and (f) counsel for the Settlement Class is qualified to act as counsel for the Settlement Class Representatives in their individual capacities and as the representatives of the Settlement Class.

8. The Court provisionally appoints Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Ann Winns, Ralph John Hickey, Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana as the Representatives of the Settlement Class. The Court provisionally appoints Lichten & Liss-Riordan P.C. as Class Counsel for the Settlement Class.

9. The Court finds that the Class Notice appears to fully and accurately inform Settlement Class Members of all material elements of the proposed Settlement, of the Settlement Class Members' right to be excluded from the Settlement Class by submitting a written opt-out request by mail or email, and of each member's right and opportunity to object to the Settlement by mail or email. The Court further finds that the distribution of the Class Notice substantially in the manner and form set forth in the Agreement and this Order meets the requirements of due process, is the best notice practicable under the circumstances, and shall constitute due and sufficient notice to all persons entitled thereto. The Court orders the dissemination of the notice pursuant to the terms set forth in the Agreement.

10. The Court hereby appoints Simpluris as Settlement Administrator. Within fourteen (14) calendar days of this order, Defendant shall provide, confidentially, to the Settlement Administrator the best information that it can identify in its possession, custody or control following a good faith inquiry with respect to the full names, social security 3
 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

number (if provided to Defendant), last known addresses, e-mail addresses, and estimated miles for potential Settlement Class Members. Within thirty (30) calendar days of this Order, the Settlement Administrator shall email the Class Notice to all identified Settlement Class Members.

11. The Court hereby preliminarily approves the proposed procedure for exclusion from the Settlement. Any Settlement Class Member may individually choose to opt out of and be excluded from the Settlement Class as provided in the Notice by following the instructions for requesting exclusion from the Settlement Class that are set forth in the Notice. To be effective, a request for exclusion must include the Settlement Class Member's name, address, and telephone number; a clear and unequivocal statement that the Settlement Class Member wishes to be excluded from the Settlement Class; and the signature of the Settlement Class Member or the Legally Authorized Representative. All requests for exclusion must be postmarked or emailed within sixty (60) calendar days after the date the Notice is sent to the Settlement Class or, in the case of a re-mailed Notice, within sixty (60) calendar days of the re-mailed Notice. Any such person who chooses to opt out of and be excluded from the Settlement Class will not be entitled to any recovery under the Settlement and will not be bound by the Settlement or have any right to object, appeal, or comment thereon. Settlement Class Members who have not requested exclusion shall be bound by all determinations of the Court, the Agreement, and Judgment. A request for exclusion may only opt out that particular individual, and any attempt to effect an opt-out of a group, class, or subclass of individuals is not permitted and will be deemed invalid. All requests for exclusion must be submitted by the requesting Settlement Class Member (or their Legally Authorized Representative), except that the Settlement Class Member's counsel may submit an opt-out request on behalf of the individual Settlement Class Member if counsel submits a declaration with the attorney's original signature attesting that (i) counsel advised the class member of how much they would recover under the settlement and (ii) that the attorney personally

[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

inquired whether the class member would prefer to accept the settlement or opt out and maintain their right to pursue individual claims, and that the Settlement Class Member consented verbally or in writing to opt out.

- 12. Any Class Member who has not opted out may object to the fairness, reasonableness, or adequacy of the Settlement by timely submitting a statement of the objection. Class Members will have sixty (60) days from the date of the Notice to submit their written objections by mail or email to the Settlement Administrator.
- 13. A final approval hearing shall be held before this Court on _____, 2021 at ______ in Department 303 of the San Francisco County Superior Court to determine all necessary matters concerning the Settlement, including: whether the proposed settlement of the Litigation on the terms and conditions provided for in the Agreement is fair, adequate, and reasonable and should be finally approved by the Court; whether an Order Granting Final Approval should be entered herein; whether the plan of allocation contained in the Agreement should be approved as fair, adequate, and reasonable to the Class Members; and to finally approve Class Counsel's fees and litigation costs, Plaintiffs' service awards, and the settlement administration expenses. All papers in support of the motion for final approval and the motion for attorneys' fees, costs and service awards shall be filed with the Court and served on all counsel no later than twenty-one (21) days before the hearing; any opposition briefs shall be filed fourteen (14) days before the hearing; and any reply briefs shall be filed seven (7) days before the hearing.

14. Neither the Settlement nor any exhibit, document, or instrument delivered thereunder shall be construed as a concession or admission by Defendant in any way, and shall not be used as evidence of, or used against Defendant as, an admission or indication in any way, including with respect to any claim of any liability, wrongdoing, fault or omission by Defendant or with respect to the truth of any allegation asserted by any person. Whether or not the Settlement is finally approved, neither the Settlement, nor any exhibit, document, statement, proceeding or conduct related to the Settlement, nor any 5
[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

reports or accounts thereof, shall in any event be construed as, offered or admitted in evidence as, received as or deemed to be evidence for any purpose adverse to the Defendant, including, but not limited to, evidence of a presumption, concession, indication or admission by Defendant of any liability, fault, wrongdoing, omission, concession or damage. In the event the Settlement does not become effective in accordance with the terms of the Agreement, or the Settlement is not finally approved, or is terminated, canceled, or fails to become effective for any reason, this Order shall be rendered null and void and shall be vacated; the Parties shall revert to their respective positions as of before entering into the Agreement; and the Settlement Agreement and this Order shall be void *ab initio*. In such an event, the Court's orders regarding the Settlement, including this Preliminary Approval Order, shall not be used or referred to in litigation for any purpose. Nothing in this paragraph is intended to alter the terms of the Settlement Agreement with respect to the effect of the Settlement Agreement if it is not approved. 15. The Court reserves the right to adjourn or continue the date of the final approval hearing and all dates provided for in the Agreement without further notice to Settlement Class Members, and retains jurisdiction to consider all further applications arising out of or connected with the proposed Settlement. **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

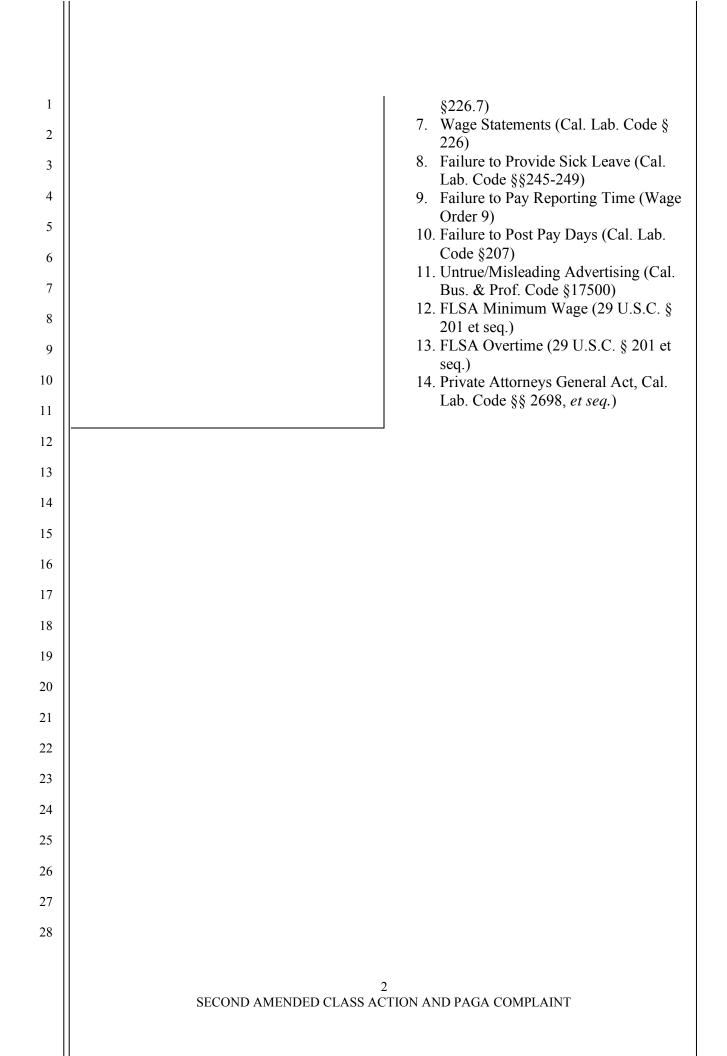
> BY ORDER OF THE COURT HON. SUZANNE R. BOLANOS SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA

6 [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT

Dated:

Exhibit C to Settlement Agreement

1 2 3	SHANNON LISS-RIORDAN (SBN 310719) (sliss@llrlaw.com) ANNE KRAMER (SBN 315131) (akramer@llrlaw.com)	MOSTAFAVI LAW GROUP, APC AMIR MOSTAFAVI, SBN 282372 amir@mostafavilaw.com 528 Palisades Dr., Suite 220
_	LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C.	Pacific Palisades, CA 90272 Telephone: 310.473.1111
4	729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116	Facsimile: 310.473.2222
5 6	Telephone:(617) 994-5800Facsimile:(617) 994-5801	
 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 	THE BAINER LAW FIRM MATTHEW R. BAINER, SBN 220972 1901 Harrison Street, Suite 1100 Oakland, CA 94612 Telephone: 510.922.1802 Facsimile: 510.844.7701 <i>Attorneys for Plaintiffs</i> SUPERIOR COURT OF TH FOR THE COUNTY	PARRIS LAW FIRM R. REX PARRIS (SBN 96567) KITTY K. SZETO (SBN 258136) JOHN M. BICKFORD (SBN 280929) RYAN A. CRIST (SBN 316653) 43364 10th Street West Lancaster, California 93534 Telephone: (661) 949-2595 Facsimile: (661) 949-7524 E STATE OF CALIFORNIA OF SAN FRANCISCO
18	JACOB RIMLER, GIOVANNI JONES, DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN,	Case No. CGC-18-567868
19 20	JOSHUA ALBERT, MELANIE ANN WINNS, RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO, KRISTIE LOGAN,	SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION AND PAGA COMPLAINT
21	SHERICKA VINCENT, and WENDY SANTANA, on behalf of themselves and	
22	others similarly situated and in their capacities as Private Attorney General Representatives,	1. Unlawful/Unfair Business Practices,
23	Plaintiffs,	(Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200)2. Failure to Reimburse for Business
24		Expenses (Cal. Lab. Code § 2802)
25	V.	 Unpaid Wages (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201- 204)
		4. Minimum Wage (Cal. Lab. Code §§
26	POSTMATES INC.,	1194, 1197)
	POSTMATES INC., Defendant.	1194, 1197) 5. Overtime (Cal. Lab. Code §§ 510, 1194)
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I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u>

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1. This case is brought on behalf of the state of California and other similarly situated aggrieved individuals who have worked for Postmates Inc. ("Postmates") as couriers in California. Postmates provides on-demand delivery to customers at their homes and businesses through its mobile phone application and website. Postmates is based in San Francisco, California, but it does business across the United States and extensively throughout California.

2. As described further below, Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Ann Winns, Ralph John Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana bring this action on their own behalf, and on behalf of other similarly situated Postmates couriers, for violation of the California Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq. ("UCL") and § 17500, based upon Postmates' willful misclassification of its couriers, in violation of Cal. Labor Code § 226.8. Because of couriers' misclassification as independent contractors, Postmates has deprived couriers many protections and benefits of employment under state and local law, including by unlawfully required couriers to pay business expenses (including expenses to own or lease a vehicle and maintain and fuel it, as well as phone/data expenses) in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 2802. Postmates has also failed to pay required minimum wage for all hours worked in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1197, and has failed to pay appropriate overtime premiums for hours worked in excess of eight per day or forty per week in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1198, 510 and 554. Additionally, Postmates has breached its contractual obligation to compensate couriers for the time they spend waiting for delivery goods to be ready, which also constitutes a failure to pay earned wages in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 204. Plaintiffs bring their claims pursuant to the Private Attorneys General Act ("PAGA"), Cal. Lab. Code § 2699, et seq., on behalf of the state of California and all other similarly situated aggrieved employees who have been misclassified by Postmates in California since June 3, 2017.

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II. **PARTIES**

3. Plaintiff Jacob Rimler is an adult resident of Pasadena, California, where he has worked as a courier for Postmates.

4. Plaintiff Giovanni Jones is an adult resident of San Francisco, California, where he has worked as a courier for Postmates.

5. Plaintiff Dora Lee is an adult resident of Huntington Beach, California, where she has worked as a courier for Postmates.

6. Plaintiff Kellyn Timmerman is an adult resident of San Diego, California, where she has worked as a courier for Postmates.

7. Plaintiff Joshua Albert is an adult resident of Sacramento, California, where he has worked as a courier for Postmates.

8. Melanie Ann Winns has worked as a courier for Postmates in California.

9. Ralph John Hickey Jr. has worked as a courier for Postmates in California.

10. Steven Alvarado has worked as a courier for Postmates in California.

11. Kristie Logan has worked as a courier for Postmates in California.

12. Shericka Vincent has worked as courier for Postmates in California.

13. Wendy Santana has worked as a courier for Postmates in California.

14. Defendant Postmates, Inc. ("Postmates") is a Delaware corporation,

headquartered in San Francisco, California.

III. JURISDICTION

15. This Court has jurisdiction over Plaintiffs' PAGA claim pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 410.10.

16. The monetary relief which Plaintiffs seek is in excess of the jurisdictional minimum required by this Court and will be established according to proof at trial.

17. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to Code of Civ. P. §§ 395 and 395.5 because Postmates has its principal place of business in San Francisco County. Furthermore,

Defendant engages in business activities in and throughout the State of California, including San Francisco County.

IV. STATEMENT OF FACTS

18. Postmates is a San Francisco-based delivery service, which engages couriers across the state of California to deliver food and other merchandise to its customers at their homes and businesses.

19. Postmates offers customers the ability to order food and other items via a mobile phone application or via its website, which Postmates couriers then deliver to customers.

20. Postmates holds itself out to the public as a delivery service. Its website homepage advertises that it offers customers "Anything, anywhere, anytime." Postmates' website also promotes its "Postmates Unlimited" service where customers can subscribe and receive unlimited free deliveries, touting "Pay once, free delivery all year." Its website also boasts that "Postmates is transforming the way goods move around cities by enabling anyone to have anything delivered on-demand."

21. Plaintiffs Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Ann Winns, Ralph John Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana have driven for Postmates at various times, including over the last year, and some continue to drive for Postmates.

22. Postmates classifies its couriers like Plaintiffs as "independent contractors," but under California law, they should be classified as employees.

23. Postmates couriers perform services within Postmates's usual course of business as a delivery service. The couriers' services are fully integrated into Postmates' business.Without couriers to perform deliveries, Postmates would not exist.

24. Postmates couriers are not typically engaged in their own delivery business. When delivering items for Postmates customers, they wear the "hat" of Postmates.

25. In addition, Postmates maintains the right of control over the couriers' performance of their jobs and exercises detailed control over them.

26. Postmates unilaterally sets the pay scheme and rate of pay for couriers' services and changes the rate of pay in its sole discretion.

27. Postmates communicates directly with customers and follows up with couriers if the customer complains that something was not delivered or that the delivery otherwise failed to meet their expectations. Based on any customer feedback, Postmates may suspend or terminate couriers.

28. Postmates does not reimburse couriers for any expenses they may incur while working for Postmates, including, but not limited to the cost of maintaining their vehicles, gas, insurance, and phone and data expenses for running the Postmates Application. Couriers incurred these costs as a necessary expenditure to obtain employment with Postmates, which California law requires employers to reimburse.

29. Postmates pays couriers a fee per delivery plus a certain amount of "boost pay." Postmates has failed to ensure that its couriers receive the applicable state minimum wage for all hours worked, and couriers frequently do not average minimum wage for all hours worked, particularly given that customers' tips cannot count toward Postmates' minimum wage obligations.

30. On April 30, 2018, the California Supreme Court issued its decision in <u>Dynamex</u> <u>Operations W., Inc. v. Superior Court</u> (2018) 4 Cal. 5th 903, 416 P.3d 1, which makes clear that Postmates couriers should be classified as employees rather than as independent contractors under California law for purposes of wage-and-hour statutes like the ones at issue here. Under the "ABC" test adopted in <u>Dynamex</u>, in order to justify classifying the couriers as independent contractors, Postmates would have to prove that its couriers perform services outside its usual course of business, which it cannot do. Notwithstanding this decision, Postmates has willfully continued to misclassify its couriers as independent contractors.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

V.

31. Plaintiffs bring this case as a class action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 382 on behalf of all individuals who used the Postmates platform as couriers in California since June 3, 2017.

32. Plaintiffs and other class members have uniformly been deprived reimbursement of their necessary business expenditures

33. The members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all class members is impracticable.

34. Common questions of law and fact regarding Postmates' conduct in classifying couriers as independent contractors, failing to reimburse them for business expenditures, and failing to ensure they are paid at least minimum wage and overtime for all weeks, exist as to all members of the class and predominate over any questions affecting solely any individual members of the class. Among the questions of law and fact common to the class are:

- a. Whether the work performed by class members—providing delivery services to customers—is within Postmates's usual course of business;
- b. Whether class members are typically engaged in their own businesses or whether they wear the "hat" of Postmates when performing delivery services;
- c. Whether class members have been required to follow uniform procedures and policies regarding their work for Postmates;

d. Whether these class members have been required to bear the expenses of their employment, such as expenses for maintaining their vehicles and expenses for gas, insurance, phone and data plan.

35. Named plaintiffs Jacob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, Melanie Ann Winns, Ralph John Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka Vincent, and Wendy Santana are class members who suffered damages as a result of Postmates' conduct and actions alleged herein.

36. The named plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the class, and the named plaintiffs have the same interests as the other members of the class.

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37. The named plaintiffs will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the class. The named plaintiffs have retained able counsel experienced in class action litigation. The interests of the named plaintiffs are coincident with, and not antagonistic to, the interests of the other class members.

38. The questions of law and fact common to the members of the class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members, including legal and factual issues relating to liability and damages.

39. A class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy because joinder of all class members is impractical. Moreover, since the damages suffered by individual members of the class may be relatively small, the expense and burden of individual litigation makes it practically impossible for the members of the class individually to redress the wrongs done to them. The class is readily definable as Postmates knows which couriers have signed up to use the Postmates platform as couriers since June 3, 2017. Further, prosecution of this action as a class action will eliminate the possibility of repetitive litigation. There will be no difficulty in the management of this action as a class action.

VI.

PAGA REPRESENTATIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

40 Plaintiffs allege that Postmates violated the Labor Code by willfully misclassifying its couriers in violation of Cal. Labor Code § 226.8. Plaintiffs also allege that Postmates has violated PAGA by failing to reimburse courier employees for all reasonably necessary expenditures incurred by couriers in discharging their duties, including fuel, insurance, and maintenance costs in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 2802. Plaintiffs also allege that Postmates has violated Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1197 and 1194 by failing to ensure that its couriers receive the applicable state minimum wage for all hours worked and by impermissibly counting customers' tips toward their minimum wage obligations. Additionally, Postmates has violated Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1198, 510, and 554 by failing to pay the appropriate overtime premium for all

overtime hours worked beyond forty per week or eight hours per day. Plaintiffs further allege that Postmates violated Cal. Lab. Code § 204 by failing to pay its couriers for the entirety of their waiting time.

41. On June 26, 2017 and October 6, 2017, Plaintiffs Winns, Hickey, Alvarado, and Logan gave written notice of Postmates' violations of the California Labor Code to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") and to Postmates. On May 1, 2018, Plaintiff Rimler gave written notice of Postmates's violations of the California Labor Code as alleged in this complaint to the Labor and Workforce Development Agency ("LWDA") via online filing and to Postmates's general counsel via certified mail. On May 7, 2018, Plaintiff Jones gave written notice of Postmates's violations of the California Labor Code as alleged in this complaint to the LWDA via online filing and to Postmates's general counsel via certified mail. On June 28, 2018, Plaintiff Santana gave written notice of Postmates's violations of the California Labor Code to the LWDA and to Postmates by certified mail. On December 4, 2018, Plaintiff Albert gave written notice of Postmates's violations of the California Labor Code as alleged in this complaint to the LWDA via online filing and to Postmates's general counsel via certified mail. On January 30, 2019, Plaintiff Vincent gave written notice of Postmates' violations of the California Labor Code to the LWDA and to Postmates by certified mail. On September 24, 2019, Plaintiffs Rimler, Jones, Albert, Lee, and Timmerman gave written notice of additional violations to the LWDA via online filing and to Postmates's general counsel via certified mail.

42. It has been 65 days since the LWDA was notified of the Labor Code violations asserted in this Complaint, and the LWDA has not provided any notice that it will or will not investigate the alleged violations. See Cal. Lab. Code§ 2699.3(a)(2)(A).

VII.

COLLECTIVE ACTION ALLEGATIONS

43. Plaintiffs bring Counts XII and XIII under 29 U.S.C. 216(b) of the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"). Plaintiffs and other Postmates couriers are similarly situated in that they are all subject to Postmates's common plan or practice of failing to pay the federal minimum wage for all hours worked and overtime for hours worked by drivers in excess of forty (40) in a given week.

COUNT I

Unfair Competition in Violation of California Business and Professions Code § 17200 *et seq*.

44. Postmates's conduct, as set forth above, violates the California Unfair
Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq. ("UCL"). Postmates's conduct
constitutes unlawful business acts or practices, in that Postmates has violated California Business
and Professions Code Section 17500 and California Labor Code Sections 351, 353, 432.5, 450,
2802, 3700.5, 3712, 3715, 3700, and 226.8.

45. As a result of Postmates's unlawful conduct and violation of Cal. Labor Code §§ 450 and 2802, Plaintiffs and class members suffered injury in fact and lost money and property, including, but not limited to loss of business expenses that couriers were required to pay in order to do their jobs.

46. As a result of Postmates's s unlawful conduct and violation of Cal. Labor Code § 3700.5, 3712, 3715, 3700, and 226.8, Plaintiffs and class members suffered injury in fact because they were required to self-insure against any accidents or harm while Postmates gained an unfair competitive advantage over its competitors by avoiding the need to pay for worker's compensation insurance for its couriers.

47. As a result of Postmates's unlawful conduct and violation of Cal. Labor Code § 432.5, Plaintiffs and class members suffered injury in fact because they were required to agree to terms and conditions in their agreements with Postmates that are prohibited by law. Pursuant to Cal. Labor Code § 2804, any contract or agreement made by Plaintiffs to waive rights and benefits conferred by California law is null and void.

48. Pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17203, Plaintiffs and class members seek declaratory and injunctive relief for Postmates's unlawful conduct and to recover restitution. Pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5, Plaintiffs and class members are entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses incurred in bringing this action.

COUNT II

Independent Contractor Misclassification and Expense Reimbursement Violation (Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.8, 450, 2753, and 2802)

49. As set forth above, Postmates knowingly misclassified couriers as independent contractors in violation of California Labor Code Sections 226.8 and 2753. Further, Postmates's conduct, in misclassifying Postmates couriers as independent contractors and failing to reimburse them for expenses they paid that should have been borne by their employer, constitutes a violation of California Labor Code Sections 450 and 2802.

COUNT III

Failure to Pay Wages Due at Termination (Cal. Labor Code §§ 201-203, 204, 206.5, 208, 210, 227.3)

50. Postmates's actions as set forth herein violate California Labor Code § 204, which requires that Defendant pay all wages due upon the termination of any class member who has since stopped working for Postmates, and § 227.3, which requires that Postmates pay the cash value of all vested but unused vacation time upon termination. Certain members of the class have been terminated by Postmates, but Postmates has willfully failed to make immediate payment of the full wages due to these couriers as required under California state law.

51. Plaintiffs further allege that Postmates violated Cal. Lab. Code § 204 by failing to pay its couriers for the entirety of their waiting time.

52. Pursuant to Cal. Labor Code §§ 204, 218, 218.5 and 218.6, Plaintiffs are entitled to payment of unpaid wages or compensation, including interest thereon, as well as reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of suit.

COUNT IV

Minimum Wage (Cal. Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, 1197.1 1182.12, Wage Order 9)

53. Plaintiffs allege that they worked at rates below the state minimum wage. Pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code §§ 218.5 and 218.6, 1194, 1194.2, and 1194.3, any employee

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receiving less than the legal minimum wage or the legal overtime compensation applicable to the employee is entitled to recover in a civil action the unpaid balance of the full amount of this minimum wage or overtime compensation, including interest thereon, reasonable attorneys' fees, and costs of suit.

54. Cal. Lab. Code § 1197 states that the minimum wage is that set by the commission in the applicable wage order, in this case Wage Order 9. Wage Order 9 incorporates by reference the minimum wage set by statute.

55. Postmates failed to pay Plaintiffs and class members minimum wage.
Defendant's actions as set forth herein violate Labor Code §§ 1194, 1197, 1197.1, and 1182.12
because Defendant compensated Plaintiffs at rates so low that they fell below the state minimum wage.

COUNT V

Overtime (Cal. Labor Code §§ 510, 1194, 1198, Wage Order 9)

56. Cal. Lab. Code § 1198 and Wage Order 9 require employers to pay their employees at their overtime rate of pay for hours worked in excess of eight per day and/or 40 per week.

57. Postmates' actions as set forth herein violate Cal. Labor Code §§ 510, 1194, 1198 because Postmates has failed to pay overtime compensation to Plaintiffs and class members when due for all hours worked over forty (40) per week, or over eight per day.

COUNT VI

Meal and Rest Breaks (Cal. Labor Code §§ 226.7, 512, 551, 552, 558 and Wage Order 9)

58. Wage Order 9 and Cal. Lab. Code § 226.7 require employers to provide all employees with one 10-minute duty-free rest period for every four hours worked each day, or major fraction thereof. Likewise, Cal. Lab. Code § 512 and Wage Order 9 require employers to provide all employees with one 30-minute duty-free meal period if such employee works more than five hours in one day and a second 30-minute duty-free meal period if such employee works

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more than ten hours in one day. In addition, Cal. Lab. Code §§ 551 and 552 precludes an employer from causing an employee to work more than six days in seven.

59. Postmates has failed to provide the requisite duty-free meal and rest periods to Plaintiffs and class members as required by California state law. Accordingly, Plaintiffs and members of the class are entitled to one hour of pay at their regular rate of pay for each day on which they were not provided with a 10-minute duty-free rest period and one hour of pay at their regular rate of pay for each day on which they were not provided with a 30-minute duty-free meal period, plus interest. Plaintiffs are also entitled to civil penalties for days in which they worked more than six days in seven pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 558, as well as interest upon unpaid wages or compensation, reasonable attorney's fees, and costs of suit pursuant to Cal. Labor Code §§ 218.5 and 218.6.

COUNT VII

Failure to Keep Accurate Records and Provide Itemized Wage Statements (Cal. Labor Code §§ 226, 353, 1174, and 1174.5)

60. Labor Code § 353 requires that every employer in California maintain "accurate records of all gratuities received by him, whether received directly from the employee or indirectly by means of deductions from the wages of the employee or otherwise. Such records shall be open to inspection at all reasonable hours by the department." Similarly, Labor Code § 1174(d) requires that every employer in California maintain "payroll records showing the hours worked daily by and the wages paid to, and the number of piece-rate units earned by and any applicable piece rate paid to, employees employed" in California. In addition, Cal. Lab. Code § 1174(d) requires that these records "be kept in accordance with rules established for this purpose by the [Industrial Welfare] commission." Rules established by the commission, Wage Order 9, § 7, require that every employer in California "keep accurate information with respect to each

employee," including without limitation, "time records showing when the employee begins and ends each work period," as well as "[m]eal periods, split shift intervals and total daily hours worked."

61. Moreover, Postmates's action as set forth herein constitute a violation of Cal. Labor Code § 226, because Postmates unlawfully failed to provide Plaintiffs and members of the putative class with accurate itemized wage statements in writing showing gross wages earned, total hours worked, deductions, net wages earned, pay period, the name of the employee and the last four digits of his or her social security number, the legal name of the employer, and/or all applicable hourly rates. Postmates further failed to comply with current or former employees' requests to inspect or copy records, in violation of Labor Code Section 226(c).

62. Because Postmates knowingly and intentionally failed to provide timely, accurate, itemized wage statements to Plaintiffs as required by Labor Code Section 226(a), and such failure has caused injury to Plaintiffs by preventing them from accurately knowing the amount of wages to which they are and were entitled, Plaintiffs and each member of the putative class are entitled to recover fifty dollars for the initial pay period in which a violation of § 226 occurred, and one hundred dollars for each violation of § 226 in a subsequent pay period, not to exceed a penalty of four thousand dollars per member of the putative class plus attorney fees, costs, and injunctive relief. Postmates is also subject to statutory penalties pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 226.3. Likewise, Postmates has failed to maintain accurate records in compliance with Cal. Lab. Code §§ 353 and 1174. Accordingly, Plaintiffs are entitled to collect and seek a civil penalty from Postmates in the amount of \$500 pursuant to Cal. Lab. Code § 1174.5.

COUNT VIII

Failure to Provide Paid Sick Leave (Cal. Labor Code §§ 245-249)

63. Cal. Labor Code § 246 provides that an employer must provide any employee who, on or after July 1, 2015, works in California for the same employer for 30 days or more within a year from the start of employment, with paid sick days.

64. Plaintiffs and members of the class accrued a certain number of paid sick days and were entitled to use these accrued paid sick days for purposes enumerated in Labor Code section 246.5(a)(l)-(2). Postmates violated the requirement of Cal. Labor Code § 246 when it failed to implement policies and procedures that would allow Plaintiffs to accrue and use paid sick days when permitted.

65. Accordingly, pursuant to Labor Code §§ 248.5 and 558, Plaintiffs and class members are entitled to the payment of sick days unlawfully withheld from them multiplied by three; or two hundred fifty dollars (\$250), whichever amount is greater. Likewise, pursuant to Labor Code §§ 248.5 and 558, Plaintiffs and class members are entitled to additional penalties, not to exceed an aggregate penalty of four thousand dollars (\$4,000), as liquidated damages in the amount of fifty dollars (\$50) to each Plaintiff or class member.

<u>COUNT IX</u> Failure to Pay Reporting Time (Wage Order 9)

66. Wage Order 9, § 5, requires that for each workday that a California employee is required to report for work and does report, but is either not put to work or is furnished less than half of that employee's usual or scheduled day's work, each such employee must be paid an amount equal to half of his or her usual or scheduled day's pay, or in any event must be paid an amount equal to 2 hours at the employee's regular rate of pay.

67. Plaintiffs and members of the putative class, have periodically been required to report for work but have either not been put to work, or have been furnished with less than half of his or her usual or scheduled day's work. Accordingly, Plaintiffs and members of the putative class or an identifiable subset thereof are entitled to and seek payment from Postmates of compensation pursuant to Wage Order 9, § 5, plus interest.

<u>COUNT X</u> Failure to Post Pay Days and to Pay in Cash-Negotiable Instruments (Cal. Labor Code §§ 207, 212, 213) 68. Cal. Labor Code § 207 requires an employer to post in a conspicuous place a notice specifying the regular pay days and time and place of payment. Cal. Labor Code §§ 212 and 213 require payment in negotiable, cash-equivalent instruments.

69. Postmates has not provided such public, posted notice as required by Cal. Labor Code § 207. Postmates has provided compensation in a manner prohibited under Cal. Labor Code §§ 212 and 213.

COUNT XI

Untrue or Misleading Advertising—Business and Professions Code § 17500

70. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as if fully alleged herein.

71. Postmates intended to perform services.

72. Postmates disseminated advertising before the public in California that: (a) contained statements that were illegal, untrue or misleading; (b) Postmates knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, was illegal, untrue or misleading; (c) concerned the personal property or services or their disposition or performance; and (d) was likely to mislead or deceive a reasonable consumer. The illegal, untrue and/or misleading statements and representations made by Postmates include but are not limited to: Words stating or implying that couriers will be accurately compensated for all of their waiting time, when in fact Postmates underreports the amount of time couriers spend waiting for a delivery.

<u>COUNT XII</u> Unpaid Minimum Wage Under the FLSA

73. Postmates's willful conduct in failing to ensure its employees receive the federal minimum wage, and requiring its employees to pay for the expenses of their employment (all of which contribute to them not receiving the federal minimum wage), violates the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. § 201, *et seq.* This claim is brought on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals who have worked for Postmates in California and may choose to "opt in" to this case, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

<u>COUNT XIII</u> Unpaid Overtime Under the FLSA

74. The Fair Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. §207(a)(1), states that an employee must be paid overtime, equal to one and one-half (1.5) times the employee's regular rate of pay, for all hours worked in excess of 40 per week. Plaintiffs sometimes worked in excess of forty (40) hours per week but were not paid premium pay for all hours worked over 40 in a week. As a direct and proximate result of Postmates's unlawful conduct, Plaintiffs have suffered lost wages and other damages. This claim is brought on behalf of a class of similarly situated individuals who may choose to "opt-in" to this case, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b).

<u>COUNT XIV</u> <u>Penalties Pursuant to Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004</u> Violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 2698, *et seq*.

75. Plaintiffs reallege and incorporate by reference the allegations in the preceding paragraphs as if fully alleged herein. Plaintiffs are aggrieved employees as defined by Cal. Lab. Code § 2699(c) as they were employed by Postmates during the applicable statutory period and suffered injury as a result of Postmates's Labor Code violations. Accordingly, Plaintiffs seek to recover on behalf of the State of California, as well as themselves and all other current and former aggrieved employees of Postmates who have worked in California, the civil penalties provided by PAGA, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

76. Postmates couriers are entitled to penalties for Postmates's violations of Cal. Lab. Code § 2802, § 226(a), § 226.8 and §§ 1194, 1197, 1198, 510, and 554 as set forth by Cal. Lab. Code § 2699(f). Plaintiffs seek civil penalties pursuant to PAGA for: (1) the willful misclassification of delivery workers as independent contractors in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226.8; (2) failure to reimburse courier employees for all necessary expenditures incurred in performing their duties, including but not limited to owning or leasing and maintaining their vehicles, fuel, phones, and data, in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §2802; (3) failure to assure that all couriers received at least the applicable minimum wage for all hours worked in violation of

Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1197; (4) failure to assure that all couriers received the appropriate overtime premium for all overtime hours worked beyond forty per week or eight hours per day in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1194, 1198, 510, and 554; (5) failure to provide proper itemized wage statements that include hours worked and hourly wages and are accessible outside the Postmates Application in violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226(a); (6) failure to pay all overtime premium wages twice each calendar month in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 204 & 210; (7) failure to pay all overtime wages due upon termination (or within 72 hours of termination for voluntary terminations) in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201, 202, and 203; (8) failure to provide statutorily required meal and rest breaks in violation of Cal. Lab. Code §§ 226.7, 512, & 1198; and (9) failure to keep proper pay records "showing the hours worked daily by and the wages paid to, and the number of piece-rate units earned by and any applicable piece rate paid to, employees employed" in California as well as the amount of gratuities received by Plaintiffs in violation of Cal. Labor Code § 1174(d) and § 353.

77. Cal. Lab. Code § 2699(f) provides for civil penalties for violation of all Labor Code provisions for which no civil penalty is specifically provided. There is no specified civil penalty for violations of Cal. Lab. Code § 2802. With respect to minimum wage violations under Cal. Lab. Code §§ 1197 and 1194, § 1197.1 imposes a civil penalty in addition to any other penalty provided by law of one hundred (\$100) for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee is underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover underpaid wages and liquidated damages, and, for each subsequent violation of Labor §§1197 and 1194, two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee is underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover underpaid wages and liquidated damages. With respect to overtime violations under Labor Code §§ 510 and 558, the statute imposes a civil penalty in addition to any other penalty provided by law of fifty dollars (\$50) for initial violations for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover unpaid wages, and one hundred dollars (\$100) for subsequent violations for each underpaid employee for each pay period for

pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover underpaid wages. With respect to violations of Labor Code § 226.8, Labor Code § 226.8(b) imposes a civil penalty of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) for each violation. With respect to meal and rest break violations under Labor Code §§ 226.7, 512, Labor Code § 558 imposes a civil penalty in addition to any other penalty provided by law of fifty dollars (\$50) for initial violations for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover unpaid wages, and one hundred dollars (\$100) for subsequent violations for each underpaid employee for each pay period for which the employee was underpaid in addition to an amount sufficient to recover underpaid wages. With respect to violations of Labor Code § 226(a), Labor Code § 226.3 imposes a civil penalty in addition to any other penalty provided by law of two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per aggrieved employee for the first violation, and one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per aggrieved employee for each subsequent violation of Labor Code § 226(a). With respect to violations of Labor Code §§ 201, 202, 203 & 204, Labor Code § 210 imposes a civil penalty in addition to any other penalty provided by law of one hundred dollars (\$100) per aggrieved employee for the first violation, and two hundred (\$200) dollars per aggrieved employee plus twenty-five percent of the amount unlawfully withheld. With respect to violations of Labor Code § 1174(d), Labor Code § 1174.5 imposes a civil penalty of \$500 per aggrieved employee for each willful failure to maintain records.

78. Plaintiffs complied with the notice requirement of Cal. Lab. Code §2699.3 and served a written notice to the LWDA through its website's online filing portal, and on Defendant Postmates via Certified Mail, return receipt requested, on June 26, 2017, October 6, 2017, May 1, 2018, May 7, 2018, December 4, 2018, January 30, 2019, and September 24, 2019. It has been 65 days or more since the LWDA was notified of the Labor Code violations asserted in this Complaint, and the LWDA has not provided any notice that it will or will not investigate the alleged violations.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs request that this Court enter the following relief:

 §§ Fai Ge Jac An Vii cou cou cou cou acc acc En §20 Aw 	eclare and find that the Defendant violated Wage Order 9, the UCL, Cal. Lab. § 201-204, 207, 226.8, 226.7, 245-249, 2802, 1194, 1197, 1198, 510, 554, and air Labor Standards Act, 29 U.S.C. § 201 <u>et seq</u> .; ertify this case as a class action under Count I through XIV and appoint Plaint acob Rimler, Giovanni Jones, Dora Lee, Kellyn Timmerman, Joshua Albert, M nn Winns, Ralph John Hickey Jr., Steven Alvarado, Kristie Logan, Shericka incent, and Wendy Santana and their counsel to represent a class of Postmates puriers who have made deliveries in the state of California since June 3, 2017; ertify this case as a collective action pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b); ward compensatory damages, including all expenses and wages owed, in an a ecording to proof; nter Judgment in Plaintiffs' favor on their PAGA claim pursuant to Cal. Lab. 9 2699(c); ward penalties in an amount according to proof; ward pre- and post-judgment interest; ward reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses;
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. Av	ward penalties in an amount according to proof; ward pre- and post-judgment interest;
	ward pre- and post-judgment interest;
. Av	
	ward reasonable attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses;
. Av	
Pu	ublic injunctive relief in the form of an order requiring Defendant to comply v
the	e California Labor Code; and
An	ny other relief to which the Plaintiffs may be entitled.

Respectfully submitted, JACOB RIMLER, GIOVANNI JONES, DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, JOSHUA ALBERT, MELANIE ANN WINNS, RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO, KRISTIE LOGAN, SHERICKA VINCENT, and WENDY SANTANA, By their attorneys, Shan fippida Shannon Liss-Riordan, SBN 310719 Anne Kramer, SBN 315131 LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000 Boston, MA 02116 (617) 994-5800 Email: sliss@llrlaw.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs Rimler, Jones, Lee, Timmerman, and Albert Amir Mostafavi Amir Mostafavi, SBN 282372 MOSTAFAVI LAW GROUP, APC amir@mostafavilaw.com 528 Palisades Dr., Suite 220 Pacific Palisades, CA 90272 Telephone: 310.473.1111 Facsimile: 310.473.2222 Attorney for Plaintiffs Winns, Hickey Jr., Alvarado, and Logan MATTHEW R. BAINER, SBN 220972 THE BAINER LAW FIRM 1901 Harrison Street, Suite 1100 Oakland, CA 94612 Telephone: 510.922.1802 Facsimile: 510.844.7701 Attorney for Plaintiff Vincent 21 SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION AND PAGA COMPLAINT

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1	Respectfully submitted,
2	JACOB RIMLER, GIOVANNI JONES, DORA
3	LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, JOSHUA
4	ALBERT, MELANIE ANN WINNS, RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO,
5	KRISTIE LOGAN, SHERICKA VINCENT, and
	WENDY SANTANA,
6	By their attorneys,
7	
8	Shannon Liss-Riordan, SBN 310719
9	Anne Kramer, SBN 315131
10	LICHTEN & LISS-RIORDAN, P.C. 729 Boylston Street, Suite 2000
	Boston, MA 02116
11	(617) 994-5800
12	Email: <u>sliss@llrlaw.com</u>
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14	Timmerman, and Albert
15	
16	Amir Mostafavi, SBN 282372
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18	Pacific Palisades, CA 90272
19	Telephone: 310.473.1111
20	Facsimile: 310.473.2222
21	Attorney for Plaintiffs Winns, Hickey Jr., Alvarado,
22	and Logan
	haden -
23	MATTHEW R. BAINER, SBN 220972
24	THE BAINER LAW FIRM
25	1901 Harrison Street, Suite 1100 Oakland, CA 94612
26	Telephone: 510.922.1802
27	Facsimile: 510.844.7701
	Attorney for Plaintiff Vincent
28	
	21 SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION AND PAGA COMPLAINT
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1		
2 3		Kitty K. Szeto (SBN 258136) PAR RIS LAW FIRM
3 4		43364 10th Street West Lancaster, California 93534
5		Telephone: (661) 949-2595
6		Facsimile: (661) 949-7524
7		Attorney for Plaintiff Santana
8	Dated:	July 15, 2021
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		22 SECOND AMENDED CLASS ACTION AND PAGA COMPLAINT

EXHIBIT 2

Declaration of Wendy Santana

I, Wendy Santana, declare:

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I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this declaration.

2. I began working as a Postmates delivery driver in Los Angeles County in July of 2017. I stopped working for Postmates in approximately December of 2019.

3. I would primarily start by making deliveries in the Hollywood area in Los Angeles County, but I would deliver all around Los Angeles County as well. Often times I would make deliveries in Santa Monica, the Inglewood area, as well as Burbank, Glendale, and Pasadena.

4. On a typical day working for Postmates, I would usually start delivering for Postmates at about 12 p.m. I would then be driving and delivering all day and then into the night. I'd stop delivering around 3 a.m. in the morning. I worked approximately seven days a week as well, only taking days off for holidays and special occasions. On average, I worked about 80 to 100 hours a week for Postmates.

5. When I worked at Postmates, I drove just one car, a Hyundai Accent. I bought it new through a loan, and my annual car payment was about \$296 a month during the period I worked at Postmates. I ended up putting over 60,000 miles on my car in the two and a half years I drove and delivered for Postmates. Also, I got into an accident while working for Postmates when a motorcyclist crashed into my vehicle, causing about \$5,000 worth of damage to my vehicle.

6. I mainly delivered from restaurants, ranging from very expensive to fast food places. I also sometimes delivered from stores such as Ralphs and Whole Foods. Sometimes deliveries could be far away. For example, if I was delivering from a restaurant in Hollywood out to a place like Pasadena or Santa Monica, it could be about 20 miles away from the restaurant I would pick up from.

7. I was not paid an hourly rate, but per delivery. My base pay per delivery was around \$4.00. When I first started working at Postmates, I also received about \$.80 per mile driven to deliver the item. However, Postmates eventually started lowering the amount I was paid per mile of delivery. If I made multiple deliveries to customers who lived near each other, I would receive a much lower rate of pay because of the close distance of the orders.

27 8. Frequently, I would have to wait in busy restaurants for an order to be ready, as the food would not be prepared when I would arrive. Also, I often found myself stuck in traffic a lot of the times

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1	when trying to complete my deliveries. This slowed down the amount of deliveries I could make in a day.	
2	9. I have not received compensation of any kind in exchange for the general release of my	
3	claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of this settlement.	
4	I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing	
5	is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.	
6	is the and contect to the best of my knowledge.	
7	Executed on 7/8/2021 in Palmdale, California.	
8	DocuSigned by:	
9	Vor	
10	WENDY SANTANA	
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	DECLARATION OF WENDY SANTANA	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		E STATE OF CALIFORNIA OF SAN FRANCISCO
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11	JACOB RIMLER, GIOVANNI JONES,	Case No. CGC-18-567868
12	DORA LEE, KELLYN TIMMERMAN, and JOSHUA ALBERT, on behalf of themselves and others similarly situated and in their	DECLARATION OF SHERIcKA
13	capacities as Private Attorney General Representatives,	VINCENT IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMNETAL
14		BRIEFING IN SUPPORT OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
15	Plaintiffs, v.	
16 17	POSTMATES, INC.,	
17	POSTMATES, INC.,	
10	Defendant.	
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	DECLARATION OF S	SHERICKA VINCENT
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I, Shericka Vincent, declare:

1. I am the named Plaintiff in the above-captioned lawsuit, and I submit this declaration in support of Plaintiff's Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement.

2. I began working as a Postmates driver in and around Alameda County, California from approximately August 2018 to mid-2020.

3. During this period, I would usually drive for Postmates five to seven nights a week. On average, I worked 15-25 hours a week for Postmates.

4. During this time working for Postmates, I always used my own transportation to make all Postmates delivery. At no point during this time did I receive any reimbursements for my travel related expenses.

5. While driving for Postmates, I was paid per delivery. I did not receive an hourly wage.
6. In January, 2019, I contacted The Bainer Law Firm, a firm that primarily focuses on wage and hour class-action matters, to discuss employment issues of concern to me relating to the Defendant. The Bainer Law Firm spent considerable time with me going over the issues relating to how Defendant paid its employees. After discussing various options for possible legal action, I decided to seek to address not only my own concerns, but also those of all the other employees who were being treated the same as me. The Bainer Law Firm advised me that in doing this, I would be taking on a commitment to act in the best interests of the group, and that a case such as this could last for years and require substantial work. After considering the options, I decided to take on the role of the representative plaintiff for all of the defendant's employees.

7. Before suit was filed, I spent a significant amount of time searching for, and subsequently provided my attorney with, all the relevant employment information and documents I could find and I assisted in providing additional information necessary for the preparation of the lawsuit.

8. Throughout the litigation, I have always had the best interests of the entire group of employees in mind and I have worked hard on their behalf. This lawsuit has been active for almost two full years, during which I have continually offered my support. Throughout, I have

conferred with my Counsel and remained available to answer any questions, and to provide any work or documents requested. Whenever asked, I have searched for more records, organized and produced records and reviewed any documents provided by Defendants which my attorneys have asked me to explain.

9. I believe that I have provided considerable time and effort on behalf of all class-members who stand to benefit from the Settlement Agreement. I willingly agreed to participate in this case with no guarantee of personal benefit. By filing this lawsuit, I understood that I would be exposing myself to the risk of retaliation or trouble finding employment as a result of my role in this Action. Given the internet, it is quite likely that future possible employers might find out simply by "googling" my name that I acted as a class representative in this action against a prior employer. I believe that the time, effort, and information I provided to Class Counsel helped to make this Settlement possible.

10. I support this Settlement and request that the Court approve the requested incentive award, for my role in this action, in bringing it to fruition, and for assisting in all respects in the case.

11. I have not received compensation of any kind in exchange for the general release of my claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of this settlement.

Executed on July 14, 2021, in Oakland, California.

By:

SHERICKA VINCENT

1	AMIR MOSTAFAVI, Bar No. 282372	
2	amir@mostafavilaw.com MOSTAFAVI LAW GROUP, APC	
3	528 PALISADES DR., SUITE 220 PACIFIC PALISADES, CA 90272	
4	Telephone: 310.849.2030 Fax No.: 310.473.2222	
5	Attorney for Plaintiffs	
6	MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and KRISTIE LOGAN	
7	KRISTIE LUGAN	
8	SUPERIOR COU	RT OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF	SAN FRANCISCO
10	MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and	Case No. CGC-17-562282
11	KRISTIE LOGAN, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	DECLARATION OF STEVEN ALVARADO IN SUPPORT OF
12	Plaintiffs,	PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMNETAL
13	V.	BRIEFING IN SUPPORT OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
14	POSTMATES, INC., a California	
15	Corporation, DOES 1-10, individuals, and DOES 11-20, inclusive,	
16	Defendants.	
17		
18 19		
20	DECLARATION O	F STEVEN ALVARADO
20	I, STEVEN ALVARADO, declare:	
22	1. I have personal knowledge of the facts se	et forth in this declaration.
23	2. I began working as a Postmates driver in	the Los Angeles County, California area since
24	September 2015. I stopped working in approxim	
25		s Angeles County, mainly in Long Beach, California. rush from approximately 11am to 2pm. And then I
26		pproximately 5pm to 8 or 9pm. Sometimes I'd work
27		evenings that I worked later if it was busy. I mostly
28	worked everyday but sometimes I would take a	few days off. There were times when I wouldn't

work for weeks once I got a second job.

5. I drove a Vespa type motor scooter to make all deliveries.

6. The types of restaurants I made deliveries for varied a lot from expensive restaurants to fast food restaurants. Some of these deliveries were far from the customer, approximately 15 to 20 miles away.

7. I have not received compensation of any kind in exchange for the general release of my claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of this settlement.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on July 12, 202, in Long Beach, California.

By:

STEVEN ALVARADO, Declarant

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1		
1	AMIR MOSTAFAVI, Bar No. 282372 amir@mostafavilaw.com	
2	MOSTAFAVI LAW GROUP, APC 528 PALISADES DR., SUITE 220	
3 4	PACIFIC PALISADES, CA 90272 Telephone: 310.849.2030 Fax No.: 310.473.2222	
5	Attorney for Plaintiffs MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN	
6	HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and KRISTIE LOGAN	
7		
8	SUPERIOR C	OURT OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY	OF SAN FRANCISCO
10	MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH	Case No. CGC-17-562282
11	JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and KRISTIE LOGAN,	DECLARATION OF RALPH JOHN
12	individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	HICKEY JR. IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMNETAL
13	Plaintiffs,	BRIEFING IN SUPPORT OF CLASS
14	v.	ACTION SETTLEMENT
15	POSTMATES, INC., a California	
16	Corporation, DOES 1-10, individuals, and DOES 11-20, inclusive,	
17	Defendants.	
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20	DECLARATION O	F RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR.
21	I, Ralph John Hickey JR., declare:	
22	1. I have personal knowledge of the fact	s set forth in this declaration.
23	2. I began working as a Postmates drive	r in the Alameda County, California area since Nov 4,
24	2016. I stopped working in approximation	ately Jan 2018.
25		Alameda County and Oakland, but also did deliveries in
26		a, Atlanta, Ga, Charlotte, NC, and New York City on
	several nights.	
27		ostmates from around the clock sometime working as
28	long as I could 12pm-12AM. I worke	d approximately seven nights a week. On average, I

	l	
1		have worked over 40 plus hours a week for Postmates.
2	5.	During this time working for Postmates, I owned 2 cars, a Toyota Camry and a Honda
3		Accord. The Toyota Camry that I had placed a title pawn, after crossing back across the
4		country was repossessed because Postmates couldn't bring enough income for me to afford
5		to make loan payments, insurance, rent and utilities. I was able to get into another vehicle
		Honda Accord. The Honda worked but also a title loan was put on this vehicle because it
6		didn't bring the necessary income. I worked for about 14 months with Postmates.
7	6.	The types of restaurants I made deliveries for vary a lot, it goes from fancy restaurants to
8		fast-food restaurants. Some of these deliveries are far, approximately 10-20 miles away from
9		the restaurant.
10	7.	I was paid per delivery. When I started working for Postmates, my base pay was around
11		\$4.00 per delivery. On my last deliveries made for Postmates, the base pay rate was
12	0	approximately \$3.00 per delivery.
13	8.	When I made multiple deliveries from restaurants that were located relatively close together
13	0	or to customers who lived close together, I received a lower rate of pay due to the proximity.
	9.	I have not received compensation of any kind in exchange for the general release of my claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of
15		claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of this settlement.
16		
17	I decla	are under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing
18		and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on July 9 2021, in Atlanta, Ga.
19		and contest to the obst of my mis meager Encouled on bury y 2021, in Fuunda, Ou
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21		But Hicky D
22		By:
23		RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., Declarant
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I.	I	2.

	1	
1	AMIR MOSTAFAVI, Bar No. 282372	
2	amir@mostafavilaw.com	
3	MOSTAFAVI LAW GROUP, APC 528 PALISADES DR., SUITE 220	
4	PACIFIC PALISADES, CA 90272 Telephone: 310.849.2030	
	Fax No.: 310.473.2222	
5	Attorney for Plaintiffs MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN	
6	HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and KRISTIE LOGAN	
7	KRISTIE LOUAN	
8	SUPERIOR COUF	RT OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY OF S	SAN FRANCISCO
10	MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN	Case No. CGC-17-562282
11	HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and	
12	KRISTIE LOGAN, individually, and on behalf of all others similarly situated,	DECLARATION OF KRISTIE LOGAN IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS'
13	Plaintiffs,	SUPPLEMNETAL BRIEFING IN
14	V.	SUPPORT OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
15	POSTMATES, INC., a California	
16	Corporation, DOES 1-10, individuals, and DOES 11-20, inclusive,	
17	Defendants.	
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21	DECLARATION (DF KRISTIE LOGAN
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	I, KRISTIE LOGAN, declare:	
23	1. I have personal knowledge of the facts set	t forth in this declaration.
24	2. I began working as a Postmates driver in t	the Los Angeles County, California area since
25	September 2017. I stopped working in approx	kimately August 2018.
26	3. I would primarily make deliveries in Los.	Angeles County, but also did deliveries in Pasadena
27	and Santa Monica approximately once a night	t. When I was visiting Northern California, I
28	sometimes made deliveries in Berkeley (Alan	neda County) and Oakland.
	4. On a typical day, I would drive for Postma	ates from around 9AM until 10PM. I worked
	approximately five days a week. However, th	ere were some weeks when I didn't drive at all. On

average, I have worked 25 to 40 hours a week for Postmates.

5. During this time working for Postmates, I owned one car, a Chevy HHR.

6. The types of restaurants I made deliveries for vary a lot, it goes from fancy restaurants to fast-food restaurants. Some of these deliveries are far, approximately 20-25 miles away from the restaurant.

 I was paid per delivery. When I started working for Postmates, my base pay was around \$4.00 per delivery. On my last deliveries made for Postmates, the base pay rate was approximately \$3.00 per delivery.

8. When I made multiple deliveries from restaurants that were located relatively close together or to customers who lived close together, I received a lower rate of pay due to the proximity.
9. I have not received compensation of any kind in exchange for the general release of my claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of this settlement.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on July 12, 2021, in Los Angeles County, California.

By: Kristie Logan

KRISTIE LOGAN, Declarant

1 2 3 4	AMIR MOSTAFAVI, Bar No. 282372 amir@mostafavilaw.com MOSTAFAVI LAW GROUP, APC 528 PALISADES DR., SUITE 220 PACIFIC PALISADES, CA 90272 Telephone: 310.849.2030 Fax No.: 310.473.2222	
5	Attorney for Plaintiffs MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN	
6	HICKEY JR., STEVEN ALVARADO and KRISTIE LOGAN	
7		
8	SUPERIOR CO	OURT OF CALIFORNIA
9	COUNTY (OF SAN FRANCISCO
10	MELANIE ANNE WINNS, RALPH JOHN HICKEY JR., STEVEN	Case No. CGC-17-562282
11	ALVARADO and KRISTIE LOGAN, individually, and on behalf of all others	DECLARATION OF MELANIE ANNE WINNS IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFFS'
12	similarly situated,	SUPPLEMNETAL BRIEFING IN
13	Plaintiffs,	SUPPORT OF CLASS ACTION SETTLEMENT
14	v.	
15 16	POSTMATES, INC., a California Corporation, DOES 1-10, individuals, and DOES 11-20, inclusive,	
17	Defendants.	
18		
19		NE MIEL A NUE AND MURINIC
20	DECLARATION C	OF MELANIE ANNE WINNS
21	I, Melanie Anne Winns, declare:	
22	1. I have personal knowledge of the fact	s set forth in this declaration.
23		r in the Los Angeles County, California area early 2017.
24	I stopped working in 2019.	
25		Los Angeles County, but also did deliveries in Pasadena
26	Glendale areas in California.	t. I've made deliveries as far as Northridge, and the
27		ostmates from around 7PM until 10PM-12AM. I worked
28		there were some weeks when I didn't drive at all. On

1 average, I have worked 10 to 20 hours a week for Postmates.

5. During this time working for Postmates, I leased two cars, a Toyota Prius and a Honda Civic. The Prius I leased from a third-party, but I cancelled the lease because it was too expensive; then, I leased the Honda Civic through Honda. The Honda stopped working about 8 months ago, its transmission broke down. I then transitioned to my mother's car, using her car for working for Postmates. Since I started using her car for doing the deliveries for Postmates, the transmission of her car has died twice, which I've had to replace to keep working.

6. The types of restaurants I made deliveries for vary a lot, it goes from fancy restaurants to fast-food restaurants. Some of these deliveries are far, approximately 20-25 miles away from the restaurant.

I was paid per delivery. When I started working for Postmates, my base pay was around
 \$4.00 per delivery. On my last deliveries made for Postmates, the base pay rate was approximately
 \$3.00 per delivery.

8. When I made multiple deliveries from restaurants that were located relatively close together or to customers who lived close together, I received a lower rate of pay due to the proximity.

9. I have not received compensation of any kind in exchange for the general release of my claims against Postmates, other than the proposed service award I would receive as part of this settlement.

10. On February 15, 2017 I was also in a car accident while on a Postmates' delivery job. I reported it but never received information in official reporting in order to receive compensation while being hurt on the job. My car was severely damaged. I did file a separate suit against the driver who crashed into me and who was at fault. But I never received any Workman's Compensation from Postmates.

I declare under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on July, 12, 2021, in Inglewood, California.

	Docusigned by: Melanie Winns
D	36F0BAD5C769423
By: _	

Melanie Anne Winns, Declarant